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WEEKLY REPUBLICAN.

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LOCAL NEWS

TEETH, $4—Hoskins & Moore, dentists

You are invited to call and inspect our fall line of clothing CHEAP CHARLEY

SAVE MONEY by buying School Books and School Supplies at Dawson s Book Store 30 w2

THE creamery at Maroa has been sold to William Mosher for $8 b The original cost of the plant was $7000

ONE of the finest new fall line of clothing in the city at Geo W Jones & Co s aug23 d1wtf

THE vicinity of Bement needs rain badly and the Wabash railroad started their water traid to that city to day

THE capital stock of the Lincoln Gas and Electric Light company has been decreased from $80 000 to $50 000.

DEPOSITS have increased in Kansas City national banks since the late bank suspension flurry, July 15, $2 000 000

THE youngest son of George W Perdleton of the Columbian Manufacturing company died in Chicago on Sunday

THE cold storage ice fund now amounts to $100 000 None of it has yet been distributed Contributions to the destitute of the South Chicago fire so far only amount $ 3,000

FALL goods are in and are beauties Geo W Jones & Co clothiers aug23 dd wtf

CHARLES PLACK is under arrest, charged with having attempted to make a criminal assault upon Mrs James Damery, whose home is near Blue Mound Constable Henry Hurst put Plack under arrest Tuesday at Arcola

YOU can never have a really good complexion until the impurity is cleansed from your blood What you need is a thorough course of Ayer s Sarsaparilla, which is absolutely free from all harmful ingredients and therefore, perfectly safe

CALL and see our line of new ideas new styles in fall clothing Geo W Jones & Co , clothiers aug23 d1wtf

THERE is heavy crepe on the door at the office of the state's attorney at the court house The Mills Bros were called last night by telegraph to Cedar Rapids Iowa to attend the funeral of their brother They will return home Friday morning

L A G SHOALF formerly of Decatur, brother of Mrs W F Colladay is preparing to give the city of Paris Ill a new opera house He has paid $2 300 for a lot, 74x118 feet, and will put up a modern play house to cost $12 000 He asks that 50 citizens loan him $5000 without interest for five years and that he be donated license and water for five years

FALL and winter goods are arriving One of the finest lines ever before placed on the market Geo W Jones & Co clothiers aug23 d1wtf

SATURDAY the Central Illinois Banking and Savings Association was closed at Jacksonville It was a private institution operated by Dr Lloyd W Brown and Judge Brown The liabilities are given at $320 000 assets, $ 0 000 The receivers are Wm D Veitch and John I Chambers Saturday Dr Brown placed in the hands of the two receivers 1000 acres of land worth $80 per acre Every creditor will be paid 100 cents on the dollar

THE MACON FAIR

It will be Held at Macon September 5, 6, 7 and 8

Among the special attractions will be a bicycle race competition open to the world a $40 purse or provisions, divided into three prizes—1st $20, 2d $15 3d $ entrance fee 10 per cent of purse

Miss Lilly Williams of Bloomington champion lady bicycle rider of the world will exhibit at the fair grounds every day riding the bicycle against a horse

Attend the Macon fair

New Brick Machine

The secretary of state has issued a license for the incorporation of the Tuttle Brick company of Decatur The incorporators are H B Tuttle Sheridan A Tuttle and Hiram Johnson The gentlemen are not yet ready to lay their plans before the public

The capital stock of the company is $18 000 It is proposed to erect the finest brick and tile plant in the country, on the Hill land north of the fair grounds park

Death of a Veteran

James Turner aged 73 years who was in the Mexican War with ex Gov Oglesby died last (Tuesday) night at Mt Zion the result of kidney trouble Mr Turner leaves a widow and five children He formerly resided in Long Creek township and was personally known to many of the older residents

G A R ENCAMPMENT

Grand Preparations Being Made at Indianapolis

The I D & W round trip fare from Decatur will be $8 10 The G A R special will leave at 1 30 p m, Monday, September 4th

The Vandalia road will run a through train from Decatur to Indianapolis, leaving Decatur at 3 p m, September 4th

THE ENCAMPMENT CITY

The National G A R encampment will begin at Indianapolis on September 4th with a reception at Tomlinson's Hall, to be given by the citizens executive committee Dr J M Blythe one of the alternates from the Department of Illinois has received a handsomely engraved invitation to be present At Indianapolis the closing up of the gaps has commenced, and little now remains to be done preparatory to welcoming the veterans of the late war Many decorations have already been put in place, both on resident and business streets Many of these are very elaborate and beautiful Heroic size equestrian pictures of famous generals are to be seen, while some of the war scenes take the form of transparencies and at night will be illuminated Large forces of men have been repairing the asphalt thoroughfares along the line of march The immense reviewing stand on Washington street extending from Delaware to Alabama street is nearly completed This structure occupies all of Court house Square and will have a seating capacity of nearly 20 000 It is built in the form of an amphitheatre and tickets will be sold to its fullest capacity The executive board expects to derive a sum from this piece of enterprise that will aid materially in defraying the week's expenses The lines of march for the three great parades—namely naval on Saturday, G A R on Tuesday and the war pageant on Thursday—have all been selected and the parade committee are now devoting most of their time to the placing of new applications Several hundred extra police and detectives have been appointed and Superintendent of Police Colbert has issued a circular for the benefit of citizens and visitors, which is intended to quicken their wits relative to the law of self preservation The great soldiers' monument on Monument Square will be one of the many attractions to the visitors Miss Indiana in bronze has been elevated to the top, a distance of 300 feet The scaffolding has been removed from about her and she will be ready to greet the old soldiers from every quarter Decorations on Monument Square were commenced several days ago Massive columns have been placed at regular distances around the entire circle These will be covered with var colored bunting and flags, and each column will represent an army corps The shaft will be covered with electric lights and a search light will be placed on the top of the crowning figure The effect of this electrical display will be dazzling and beautiful

Quite a number of veterans are already at Indianapolis many of them being delegates who have preceded their posts to prepare quarters for those bodies on their arrival

Adams of Massachusetts and Hurst of Ohio are thus far most talked of locally for commander in chief Many other candidates however are expected to enter the race It is also said by many of the advance forces that a good portion of the business and executive meetings will be given over to the discussion of the much agitated pension question

Burial of Mrs W D Baker

From Tuesday's Daily

The funeral of the late Mrs Marilla Baker wife of W D Baker, took place to day from North Fork church in Long Creek township It was very largely attended Rev A P Cobb, of Springfield, conducted the services Mrs Baker, who was in the 94th year of her age and was probably the oldest resident of Macon county was the mother of Rev N M Baker of Long Creek township, Rev W P Baker of Hillsboro, Mrs M L Dennis, of Decatur and Mrs M E Smith of Blue Mound The husband of the deceased, who died ten years ago was associated with the late Captain D L Allen and assisted him in laying out the original town of Decatur

Death of T J Mills

From Wednesday's Daily

Thomas J Mills, a brother of State's Attorney I R Mills and Attorney A. H Mills died at his home in Cedar Rapids, Iowa at o'clock p m, yesterday A telegram was received here last evening announcing the sad news He was about 50 years old and has been ill for some time with cancer of the liver He leaves a wife and several children A H Mills recently visited him at his home His death was not a surprise. Attorneys I R Mills and A H Mills have gone to Cedar Rapids to attend the funeral

Born

To Mr and Mrs W A Williams on Sunday evening, a daughter

To Mr and Mrs Frank Morgan, 2786 North Edward a daughter

FAST TIME AT THE PARK.

Grand Opening of the Races—2 14 the Best Time.

Baron Dillon, Guinette, J S French and Irma C Winners in the Opening Races

From Wednesday's Daily

The management of the Decatur Trotting Association never had a more auspicious opening of the fall race meeting than was witnessed at the park yesterday, when fully 5000 people crowded the grand stand filled the space in Wall street" and overflowed into the track, while there were about 150 vehicles adjacent to the band stand filled with stylishly dressed people taking a half day off to see how fas the nags could go round the mile track

In Wall street Robbins & Co were busily engaged in selling pools, mutuals and otherwise Business was lively There was no wheel in sight It is barred out by the management Policemen were thick in the grand stand and on the ground There was no particular need of them, except to call on people to sit down in front and get out of the way of the horses on the track

Goodman s Band, with Robert Walter as director regaled the crowd with music, which at times sounded like an echo, because the band is too far from the grand stand It should be placed over on the west side, or close to the timers' stand

The judges for the afternoon were Dr F A Bolser and A W Powell of New castle, Ind and J D Barnes of Pottenam N Y The starter is R B Throop of Nunda, Ill The cashier and clerk is James Hatfield The timers were C P Housum, Dr J L Connelly and Theron A Powers, with C P Housum, jr as clerk

The association controls the sale of score cards, with B Z Taylor of the directory in charge of the same and the scales

Lunch counters and refreshment booths are quite thick, and all seemed to be doing a good business The blind girl playing the accordeon and singing "After the Ball and Marching Through Georgia," had a central position, and over the way was a new style of swing for the children which was liberally patronized

THE RACES

Starter Throop began the races promptly at two o'clock, the horsemen answering the call of the bell Fast time was made in the two year old trot, and in the 2 45 pace the winner went a mile in 2 14 and made the same record in the last heat Some of the would bes will be cut out in the free for all pace The best of them will have to beat 2 14 In the 2 28 trot it was close rubbing in the first heat and also in the last, when Tacoma crowded the winner J S French

After Blue Blood the Peoria stallion, trotted a mile to beat 2 30 with Cliff Downing on a running pony to keep him going, covering the second mile in 2 22½, the special trot was put on to of see the events of the day, which were as follows

TWO YEAR OLD TROT—STAKE $ 00

Baron Dillon, b c by Baron Wilkes G A Fuller Lincoln Ill	1	1	
Lauretta by Lafayette Wilkes Peoria, Ill	2	2	
Norvin C by Norval, H J Mahon Green View, Ill	3		

Time—[illegible]

2 45 PACE—STAKE $1 00

Guinette b h by Gambetta Wilkes G N C I Cecil Danville Ky	1	1	1
Allie L b h by Lockerbie Lewis & Russell Markville Ind			
Little Flowers b m by Anderson Wilkes Brenneman & Bro Decatur	4	3	3
Pearl Lachman by Elgin Boy Geo Wadsworth Clayton Ind	3	dis	
Dr H McAdams Bros Lewisburg, Tenn	5	dis	
Neil B Merriman & Co, Williamsville Ill		dis	

Time—2 15 , 2 14 2 14

2 28 TROT—PURSE $500

J S French Jake Gardner, Oakland City Ind	1	1	1
Tacoma b h, by Alcoto, York & Co Dana Ind	2	2	2
Cecilian b h by Gambetta Wilkes, G N C P Cecil Danville Ky	5	3	3
DeWulff ch g by Patchen Wilkes W R Church, Allegan Mich	3	4	4
Goldmont b h, by Mammont T F Talbot, Harristown Ill	4	5	4
Doctor H roan h B M Burke Carlinville Ill	6	7	6
A B C, b h by Chief J P Johnston, Ponca Neb	7	6	7
Sykes Vinces James Martin, Lake City Minn	dis		
St Joe brown g by Winthrop, Knox McFarland & Scott Peoria, Ill	dis		

Time, [illegible] 2 20¾ 2 21

SPECIAL—30 TROT—PURSE $200

Irma C, b m, by Jim Wilson Aerlton Stock Farm Peoria	1	1
Walt ch h by Anderson Wilkes, J R Mills Decatur	2	2

Time 2 2 , 2 34

NOTES.

Walter Moore of the *Western Horseman*, Indianapolis, is the only visiting representative of a horse paper

Buskirk & Co of the opera house, have a booth at the park, and they are doing good business

John E Patterson is selling grand stand tickets

The favorite place for the owners of the horses to congregate is in the grand stand directly in front of the reporters box Nearly every man holds a watch on the horses and they catch the time and know it before the official announcement is made.

Officer Park pulled two young men off the fence during the races yesterday afternoon He jerked them down because they would not obey his command There was a chance for a row over the incident, but soon quiet was restored

Pools on the races are sold every evening at Brenneman's store

The young men to go in the bicycle contests Friday are in good form. It will be a great afternoon for the wheels

Complete List

The following is a complete list of the entries for the two last bicycle races at the park Friday The entries for the first race have previously been published in the REPUBLICAN

MACON COUNTY RACE

No 4 C M Powers Decatur
No 5 E B Johnson, "
No 6 F S. Coleman, "
No 8 J C Crane, "
No 9 Chas Pringle, "
No 10 Geo H. Post "
No 11. Chas Batchelder Warrensburg
No 12 S S Wood, Maroa
No 15 Dr M H Farmer, Decatur
No 31 Wm Matthews, "
No 23 H Shlaudeman, "
34—B H Goodman, Decatur
35—Gordon Damrow, Decatur
27—F S Dodd Decatur
36—A Wilhelmy, Decatur
37—Ed Simpson, Decatur

ONE MILE SAFETY—OPEN

No 1 C G Singabaugh, Chicago
No 2 C P Root Chicago
No 3 Alex C Burgdorff, Carlinville
No 6 I S Coleman Decatur
No 7 A D Black, Jacksonville
No 14 E J Wagner Chicago
No 15 James Levy, Chicago
No 16 Leo H Wikoff, New Berlin
No 18 Burt Myers, Peoria
No 20 H L Sattley Springfield
No 22 W S Ruby, Riverside, Cal
No 24 W R Thayer, Jr, Springfield
No 29 H H Wylie Chicago
No 30 C H Peck, Chicago
No 1 A P McPheeters, Sullivan
32—G W Denison, Englewood
33—John Norcott, Springfield
27—F S Dodd Decatur
38—E B Minier Indianapolis

It is expected that the L A W meeting will be held in the Calumet club gymnasium on Friday evening, after the races

PASSED BEYOND

Death of Geo W Downing This Afternoon at 1 05 O'clock

From Wednesday's Daily

After a short period of alternating hope and despair the relatives and friends of George W Downing saw the weary eyes close in a sleep that knows no waking The end of earth came to him this afternoon at 1 05 o clock at the home of his brother, W T Downing, north of the city His demise was not entirely unexpected, and everything was done to make his last days as comfortable as possible When the end came he peacefully passed away surrounded by his relatives who watched the discretion with streaming eyes and aching hearts that refused to be comforted

The ailments which resulted in the death of Mr Downing were throat and lung troubles

The deceased leaves a wife and three children Eva, Charlie and George to mourn his loss His brothers and sisters are Will Harvey, Wayne Downing of this city and John Downing of Kentucky, Mrs Mattie Bingham, of Sioux City Iowa and Mrs Sarah Schoonover of Boone, Iowa The deceased was born 3 years ago at Oskaloosa Iowa His parents have long gone before He was for years a traveling salesman for Lily Brackett & Co Boston, and later formed a partnership with H W Waggoner, under the firm name of Waggoner & Downing and started the Postoffice Shoe Store His declining health compelled him to seek a change and he severed his connection with the store, going to New Mexico for his health

The Circuit Court

From Tuesday's Daily

The June term of the Macon county circuit court was wound up to day by Judge Vail, when Deputy Holmes adjourned the term to court in course

The only case considered was that of Kathryne S Smith, represented by W O Johns, against Lowell A Smith represented by Bunn & Park The plaintiff demanded dower interest in 160 acres of land which E O Smith husband of the plaintiff in his lifetime deeded to his son Lowell the plaintiff having failed to join her husband in the deed The decision of the court gives the widow dower interest in the land during her lifetime It will be on about $2 233 the value of one third of the land Lowell has made $4 500 improvements on the property since he took possession.

DIED

At the residence of Philip Carver 336 East Orchard street at 10 a m, Aug 27 of cholera infantum Alva son of Mrs Anna Butler, aged 6 months

The body has been taken to Cerro Gordo for burial

At the family residence 679 East Wood street on August 28 at 10 a m of spinal fever Agnes daughter of Mr and Mrs L Roulo aged 8 months

Near Boody, August 29 of dropsy, William Hagerman aged 58 year

Deceased leaves a widow and two children

'RICKETY DAN"

Judge Allen Overrules a Motion for a New Trial and Gives Him Two Years

The arguments in the Newby case, on the motion for a new trial, were completed Monday forenoon at Springfield, and Judge Allen overruled the motion and sentenced the defendant to two years in the penitentiary at Chester. Before passing sentence he reviewed the case at some length, stating that the prisoner had had a fair trial and that the allegations that three of the jurors had talked about the case in an improper manner were untrue, as they were all men of good character and had made affidavits directly in opposition to those furnished by counsel for the defendant Newby received his sentence quietly and without evident emotion

Counsel for Newby at once made a motion for an arrest of judgment, but Judge Allen also overruled that, and the prisoner will be taken to Chester to day Judge Kramer said that an appeal will be made to the supreme court of the United States in the next sixty days and if the decision of the lower court should be reversed and the case remanded the accused be released on bonds, which would be furnished A good deal of sympathy is expressed for Newby, and the sentiment in his favor is as strong as ever All ideas as to his chances before the supreme court are of course mere speculation

NOT TO THE PEN

At Least Not for Awhile—The Benton Case

Springfield Ill

Dan Benton will not go to the penitentiary for some time reports to the contrary and in spite of the fact that Judge Allen yesterday evening sentenced him to two years at the Chester institution His attorneys prayed for an appeal from the court s decision, when the motion for a new trial was overruled, and the appeal was allowed When the case is taken to the Supreme Court a writ of supersedeas will be issued staying the sentence until the case can be decided If the case is admitted to trial, Benton can be released on bail If the case is decided against the granting of the new trial then the court can and probably will allow the defendant s time to be counted from the day after the original sentence It will be about sixty days before it is decided whether the supersedeas will issue or not, and in the meantime the distinguished fraud, according to the verdict of the jury, will remain in his old quarters in the Sangamon county jail At any rate he will have two months of his time to his credit before his hard penitentiary life begins

Benton takes his sentence very coolly, indeed he seems to be utterly indifferent

Among the people in Decatur the belief is that Rickety Dan, the accused, is Bill Newby and not Dan Benton And they think if the prisoner is guilty of perpetrating a fraud on the government to obtain something like $20,000 he deserved a greater punishment than two years But Judge Allen fixed the punishment at two years, thus giving out the impression that possibly the jury had made a mistake

The Little Nugget Coming

That very laughable musical comedy 'The Little Nugget' will be at the Grand Opera House on Friday evening of next week Sept 8 The well known comedian Herbert Haworth, supported by his excellent company will make this a very lively for a laughmaker to company comes to Decatur this season better than The Little Nugget

After a Divorce

Finley W M Chellman and Eliza Bowen were married at Louisville Ky January 4, 1871 Now Finley comes into the Macon county circuit court by his attorney, W H Black and asks for a divorce from his wife on the ground of desertion. Eliza left Finley in September, 1890

At a Ripe Old Age

Mrs Marilla Baker, mother of Rev N M Baker, died in Long Creek township to day (Aug 28) at the advanced age of 94 years Deceased was one of the oldest settlers of Macon county having located in Long Creek township in 1828

Death of Henry A Kaylor

Henry A Kaylor died last night at 6 30 o'clock at his home three and one half miles northwest of the city, aged 46 years He leaves a wife and five children to mourn his loss

ILLINOIS ASSESSMENTS

Some Queer Things Shown by Comparing the Assessments in Different Counties

THE REPUBLICAN is indebted to Robert C Maxwell of the State Board of Equalization, for the old congressional district for a copy of the statement of property assessed in Illinois in the several counties of the state A perusal of this pamphlet reveals some queer things, and shows the inadequacy of our present methods of assessment The total assessed valuation of the property of the state for 1893, including money, notes bonds, stocks and franchises, is only $761,230 684 This at a glance indicates that much property has escaped taxation, while that assessed has been placed far below its real value We complain about high taxes when the facts are that if the property of the state was all assessed at a fair cash value instead of taxes for all purposes being from 4 to 7 per cent of the assessed value they would not exceed three fourths of one per cent

Cook county's assessment is $211,448 136 the balance of the state $549,782,517

The number of horses assessed is 1,207,590, assessed value, $23 444 935, average value, $19 41 Perry county seems to have the best horses as they are valued at $29 04 the next best are in Johnson county, where they are valued at $28 99 The horses valued the lowest are in Piatt county, $1 16 Macon county horses are valued at $21 08 DeWitt, $17 71, Logan $20 04 and McLean $16 10 Chicago horses are valued at $23 10 Morgan county has the best mules and asses, which are valued at $40 15, Brown county s mules and asses are valued the lowest $9 41

The best cattle seem to be in Morgan county where they are valued at $15 15, and the poorest in Wayne county, where they are valued at $4 01 Macon county cattle are valued at $7 40, McLean, $5 50, Piatt, $5 25 DeWitt, $5 69, Logan, $10 33.

Logan county takes the lead on sheep which are valued at $1 91, while McLean county's sheep are the poorest valued at 79 cents

Cook county only succeeded in showing the assessor 570 engines and boilers, while St Clair shows up with 355, Sangamon 307, Adams 208, LaSalle 265, and Will 273 Cook county found only 284 fire and burglar proof safes, while Kane county discovered 481, Jo Daviess 643, LaSalle 389, Will 270, Peoria 296, Adams 284, McLean 307 and Macon 188 The total value of Cook county safes is $8,406 and those of Kane county $10,225 and Macon $5,733 Cook county has 7 859 wagons and carriages, and McLean county seems to have 11 04? and Macon 5 801 The total value of Cook county s vehicles is put at $39 746 and McLean's at $19 537 Out of 2 215 billiard and pigeon hole tables in the state the assessors found only 143 in Cook county They have only 1 500 clocks and watches in Cook county valued at $23,947, while Kane county has 8 421 valued at $28 155, LaSalle 8 416 valued at $ 0 903, Macon 4 102 valued at $13 841, and McLean 8 752 valued at $17 800

Cook county has 789 melodeons and organs, while DeKalb scared up 1001 Kane 1,01 Ogle 1125, Henry 129? Macon 1237 and McLean 1848 It will be noticed that Cook is neither a musical, safe, carriage, or watch and clock city Cook county has one patent right, Macon has one and White has five Cook county when the assessor was around, only had $ 4180 in bank while little Green county had $138 521, McLean county had $113 212 Macon $5 722, DeWitt $33 567, Logan $18,765, and Piatt $31 978 Cook county's credits of banks, bankers and corporations were valued at $22,375, while Winnebago turned in $290 296 worth, and little DeWitt mustered up $36 998 worth, and Macon managed to show up $14,697 worth Cook county only developed $10 805 in bonds and stocks, while Kane county found $19,022, and Macon only turned in $1300 worth These comparisons might be continued indefinitely, but these are enough to show that the people of the state ought to examine the returns of assessments as presented to the state board and study the inefficiency of our revenue laws in the hope of ultimately reaching a better plan

Two 'Nice' Young Men

Two Rockford girls Mary Hahnlin and Catherine Playlite, while attending the World s Fair last week, fitted with two young men they thought were "real nice" and now they are mourning the loss of their watches and a diamond ring;

PRICE'S
Cream Baking Powder.
The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder —No Ammonia, No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

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CLOTHING

—AND—

Gents' Furnishing Goods.

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Is Certainly a LUXURY This Hot Weather.

THE AIR MATTRESS is the greatest invention of the modern age in the way of bedding. The Finest Bed in the World—Positively the Coolest Bed in Summer and the Warmest in Winter.

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The Farmers' Bank.

INDIVIDUAL LIABILITY, $300,000.

Do a General Banking Business.

——A SHARE OF YOUR PATRONAGE IS SOLICITED.——

123 EAST MAIN STREET,

DECATUR, ILL.

CANNOT DOCTOR BY WHOLESALE.

London Polyclinic Company Refused a State Permit to Do Business

Some time ago application was made to the secretary of state for license to incorporate the London Polyclinic and the Challonar Remedy company The avowed objects of the proposed corporations was the treatment of diseases, the prescribing of medicines, and the performance of surgical operations Dr Scott, secretary of the state board of health, protested against the issuance of incorporation licenses on the ground that the objects stated were not specific enough to comply with the statute, and further, that the incorporation of companies of this class paved the way to the wholesale violation of the medical practice act The matter was referred to Attorney General Maloney for an opinion, and he sustains the protest on the ground that in Illinois the business of treating diseases, performing surgical operations and prescribing and dispencing medicines belong to the learned professions that persons following the business mus pursue a certain course of study, pass an examination and be licensed in accordance with the law, and that the incorporation of a company for the purpose named would be illegal

Ghastly Hoax at Lincoln

The discovery of the skeleton of a man under the ruins of the Carpenter elevator at Lincoln, burned Aug 18 has caused much excitement The elevator had an uncanny reputation from its connection with the Zura Burns tragedy in 1883, and it had been deserted for several years Beside the skeleton were found keys, buttons, a suspender buckle and a revolver, and some advance the theory that these were the remains of some one burned on the second floor of the elevator Great crowds assembled to view the relics, and the city police and coroner were called to assist in the investigation, which at first only deepened the mystery On close investigation it was found that the skeleton had formerly been wired and that the skull had once done duty as property for the play of "Hamlet," in the Lincoln opera house The hoax was cleverly worked, and many who thougnt they were posted on anatomy have discovered their error, as the bones belonged to several skeletons The fact that it was from the old elevato that Zura Burns was taken to the lake where her throat was cut had given the building a ghostly repute which greatly aided the deception

A Farmer's Loss

A Macon county farmer to day said to a representative of the REPUBLICAN "I had 30 acres of wheat this year which yielded 20 bushels to the acre This was above an average for this year's yield This wheat is worth 55 cents a bushel and I will get $330 for it I have made a careful estimate of the total cost of producing the wheat and find that the cost of production, not counting my living expenses and several other similar items, was $350 50 So I will lose $20 50 on that crop of wheat" Wheat, of course, is abnormally low At 59 cents a bushel he would just come out even at 60 cents he would have just $10 left and at 70 cents he would have $70 left The chances are that wheat will not soon go above 70 cents This means that the expenses of farming must be reduced and in that reduction must be included reductions in rent and labor

BLUE GRASS Carriage Shop, one block east of Shellabarger's mill, Cerro Gordo street, has a fine line of Surreys Buggies Road and Spring Wagons Do a general line of repairing, repainting, overhauling &c Come and see this lin of new work and get rock bottom prices april7-d&wtf

Convict Caught.

From Friday's Daily

James Fields, a convict who escaped from the Northern Indiana penitentiary at Michigan City, Aug 17th, was in Decatur last night in custody of Theo Smith, a keeper Fields was sent up for a year for grand larceny. He was caught at Harvel, Ill where a friend' gave him up to the village officer so that he might get the $50 reward.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

The BEST SALVE in the world for cuts, bruises, sores ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or your money refunded Price 25 cents per box. For sale by King & Wood, druggist d&w

Finally Acquitted

"Sam'l of Posen," M B Curtis, the actor, charged with the murder of Officer Grant in San Francisco and at one time found guilty, upon retrial which concluded yesterday was acquitted

One word describes it—"perfection" We refer to DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cures obstinate sores, burns, skin diseases and is a well known cure for piles W F Neisler

KING OSCAR of Sweden is arranging for a royal elk hunt to take place in Hunneberg during the summer Emperor William will be among the distinguished hunters

ALL the talk in the world will not convince you so quickly as one trial of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve for scalds, burns bruises skin affection and piles

THE great painter Rez ... filled his house with all sorts of animals and taught his raven to cry ... whenever there was a knock at the door

NEW YORK CEMETERIES.

Strong Legal Protection Thrown About Their Silent Tenants.

An interesting fact and one not generally known is that after a man dies and is buried in a cemetery in this state his rights as a dead man are zealously protected by law, and that this protection is stricter often than is vouchsafed to a man while he is still alive Just what these rights of the dead are is brought out in the suit tried a few days ago in which the heirs and next of kin of the late Edwin Hoyt seek to secure the right to remove his body and his wife's body from the family lot in Greenwood cemetery The trustees opposed this removal and in their plea against disturbing the two graves made public matters of momentous interest to the living

The first point of interest is that the law of the state favors the theory that the graves should remain inviolable, and that the land used for burial purposes should be exempt from speculative use When a man buys a lot in Greenwood or other cemetery it cannot be sold after his death unless he has left express authority for such a sale in his will How zealously this provision of law is carried out is proven by the opposition of the cemetery trustees to the removal of the Hoyt bodies on the ground that Mr Hoyt did not give any authority to his heirs to disturb his remains. The Hoyt heirs asked for permission to sell the plot several years ago, before it had so greatly increased in value but the trustees informed them that they must obtain legal permission to remove the bodies from the graves. An application for such permission was denied by the courts, and the heirs then brought the present action for a mandamus directing the cemetery trustees to permit the removal of the remains The owner of a lot is further prohibited from receiving any remuneration for permitting the use of the lot for interment purposes to others. Opposition to the removal of the Hoyt remains was also made by the trustees, on the ground that it would permit of a speculative use of the Hoyt plot. Cemetery lots are sometimes offered for sale but they can only be sold when the graves have not been used, and cannot even then be disposed of without the consent of the cemetery officials who are from policy unalterably opposed to sales made for the purpose of financial profit solely

An insight into the great increase in value of cemetery property is afforded in the enhanced value of the Hoyt plot. It is a circular plot containing 7 000 square feet or about eighteen ordinary full burial lots The trustees show that it was bought for $1 800 forty years ago and is worth to day about $20 000 The cemetery trustees say that burial property continues to increase in value yearly despite the number of new cemeteries established in recent years around New York A full burial plot comprises 378 square feet and admits of the interment of fifteen adults the graves being arranged in three rows, five in a row When Greenwood cemetery opened in 1842 such a plot could be secured for $80 or $100 To day on the other hand, a full lot in a good location cannot be secured for less than $800 and some of them sell as high as $1 000 and $1 200 while other full lots again less favorably located have been sold this year for $500 Within the last two years the price of lots has increased over 80 per cent. on small lots. The cheapest of the smallest lots containing three adult graves sold for $155 in 1891 which was more than the price of a full lot when the cemetery was opened This year the same style of lot sells from $199 upward These small plots measure 9 feet by 10 feet 6 inches The sales at Greenwood last year amounted to 87 lots as against 72 in 1891 The cemetery originally included but ... acres It is now ... table city of the dead embracing 474 acres set aside for the tenantry of its silent inmates. Nearly $...000 was received by the Greenwood trustees for cemetery lots and for fees for the use of temporary receiving tombs This would afford a profitable return on money invested in case the cemetery corporations were run as money making institutions. Each lot owner would come in for a share of the profits But in compliance with the deed of incorporation the money accruing from the sale of lots is turned over to a general fund for the maintenance and improvement and beautifying of the cemetery grounds. This fund in the case of Greenwood amounts to $1 501 960 It cost $110 000 in 1892 to care for the graves in the cemetery and to open others —N Y Sun

Italian Earrings

Some persons profess to be able to guess approximately from what part of Italy a woman comes by the length of her earrings Italian earrings lengthen as one goes southward and in the extreme south of Italy the earrings of these women reach nearly to the shoulders. It often happens that the jewels of the Italian peasants are of solid gold and shaped in pleasing fashion and this is true of jewels brought to this country by many European immigrants One seldom or never sees here however, the beautiful gold ornaments worn by the peasant woman of Brittany Another kind of peasant ornament seldom seen here except when brought by travelers is the silver jewelry rings bracelets and the like worn by coolie women in the West Indies These ornaments usually represent the savings of the coolie husband and are sold by the women only with his permission A man's wealth is measured by the splendor of his wife's adornment —N Y Sun

Thought He Could

"Mr Newman inquired the city editor of the new reporter do you think you can write that obituary you are now at work on without saying that by his own unaided efforts he rose from the ranks to a commanding position among his fellow men

Y—yes sir replied the new reporter ... something of a time or two he ... without presuming ... with ... color "I—I think a ... —Chicago Tribune

HYGIENE OF THE EYES

Important Facts That Should Be Better Known

Dr Isaac Farrar of Boston in one of his popular lectures on health spoke of the proper care of the eyes and the following is a synopsis of his interesting address

In regard to the fatigue or over taxation of this most potent and too often abused organ, the people should become more familiar If after reading, writing or working an hour or two, there is a feeling of discomfort about the eyes all labor should be intermitted Cold or luke-warm water should be freely applied and if the day be fine a walk in the open air should be taken

All labor by artificial light should be at once avoided as well as visiting highly illuminated and badly ventilated apartments Literary men and bookkeepers suffer oftener than any other class from all the symptoms attributed to over work This is especially true of students for in order to pursue their studies, the eyes must be perpetually employed. The disease or weakness is frequently attributed to the form of the Greek and Hebrew letters because students of this class are more frequently attacked In many instances I am inclined to think the real cause is to be found in feeble constitutions over labor too much mental, —yes, too much physical excitement. Outdoor exercise is very important.

But the weak and debilitating effect of excessive base and football playing boat racing the use of tobacco strong drink etc., should be condemned by every rational man and woman in our country The adjustment of light is, perhaps one of the most important points to be regarded by the student and our reading classes of people Alternations of light and darkness distress weak eyes and are a great injury to those which are sound Too little attention is paid to the position of the bed in relation to the window so that the eyes are not exposed to a strong light on awakening the sudden transition from dark to light rooms the manner in which the light falls upon the page are all very important considerations though they may seem trifling in themselves

Too little light debilitates the eyes and causes over action while too much confuses and dazzles, also causes a morbid sensibility It is far better not to commence the evening's study or reading suddenly or too soon after the evening meal say for an hour or two Do not try to save the gas or kerosene oil

There should be sufficient light to see easily The light in the room should be equally distributed and not reflected or concentrated. Let the windows be protected by blue or green shades or curtains.

If the room be painted at all it should be blue or green, for nature has thus suggested those colors.

Writing or reading by twilight looking at lightning the electric lights, and visiting panoramas stereoscopic views, or kaleidoscopic, are all attended with danger to the sight. Sitting in front of a window with the book on the knees, standing with the back directly to an open window and permitting strong light to fall immediately upon the book or paper drop lights holding a candle or small lamp between the eyes and book or paper, are all practices likely to debilitate the sight. The light should always fall obliquely from above over the left shoulder —Boston Traveller

The House of Commons Wine-Cellar.

The wine cellar of the house of commons is capable of holding some £30 000 to £40 000 worth of wine It is over 100 feet long with innumerable cellars branching from the main avenue In this storehouse there is sold in less than £3 000 worth of wine The various brands are selected in a curious way Two or three well known merchants send in samples of the wines they can supply A caplain is first neatly ... each bottle and a number given ... The ... then meet together, each having by his side a sheet of paper As the wine is handed round the judges ... their impressions of it, and the brand that is most generally liked ... for the ... On the way to the cellar is a cigar room a little compartment containing £1 000 worth of the best weeds. In the parliamentary sessions of average length 7 8 0 luncheons and 10 050 dinners are served to the members and 1 20 luncheons and 1 110 dinners in the strangers room —Tid Bits

—Miss Nancy Marvin a spinster who died at Monrovia Ind recently at the advanced age of 10 year was remarkable among women for the fact that for seventy five years she remained true to the memory of her deceased lover She was betrothed to Nicholas Hayes, of Baltimore and the wedding day was set for October 9 1818 October 1 the young man died So warm did Miss Marvin keep her affection for her dead affianced that even when she became an old woman the tears would trickle down her wrinkled face as she talked about him Miss Marvin was the oldest member of the Methodist Episcopal church in Indiana and probably the oldest maiden in the United States.

—Left in the Lurch —DeGarry— You don't mean to say he left his wife in the lurch during the honeymoon" Giles— Yes poor fellow You see they went south by boat on a wedding trip and during a heavy sea he was lost overboard —Truth

—"Why do you call your mule 'Time' Uncle ...per?" "'Kase you got to get up b... fo' clock to stand any show" —Indianapolis Journal

— King writes me that he is doing some very brilliant work now Yes, he is writing ... for a new stove polish. —Inter Ocean

— Where have you been Tommy?" "Out in the stable giving my goat drawing lessons I taught him how to ... ."

—There is a man in Hartford who has ... that forty six different ... He forms a sort of trade union all himself

Frank Foster, the Ex-Convict

Frank Foster will be remembered as the smooth young man from Pekin who made his home in Decatur for awhile and then got himself in the toils of the law by forging Mrs Annie Diehl's name to a bank check on which he got $800 Subsequently he was tried and given a sentence of five years at Joliet His time is out and he is now on his mother's farm near Earlville, Ill. Foster has fallen desperately in love with a young woman in La Salle county, and although she knows that he is an ex convict, she loves him, but the wedding is forbidden by the father of the girl, who says he will never consent until he is satisfied by documentary evidence that Foster did not commit the forgery. Foster did not have the nerve to write to Judge Vail or State's Attorney Mills for the purpose of getting them confess that they had been instrumental in sending an innocent (?) man to the pen, but he wrote to his old state prison chaplain, Rev A M White, asking him for help to clear his name of the convict stain Foster's letter to White has reached Mr Mills In the letter Foster makes the declaration that there is only one person in the world who can prove him an innocent man and she lives in Decatur, but he will never ask her, because the condition would be that he would have to marry her He will not do that, for he loves the LaSalle girl Mr Foster will not get a certificate of honesty from Decatur Evidence of his guilt is too positive

Electric Bitters

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise.—A purer medicine does not exist and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, will remove Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum and other affections caused by impure blood—Will drive Malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all Malarial fevers For cure of Headache, Constipation and Indigestion try Electric Bitters—Entire satisfaction guaranteed, or money refunded —Price 50 cts and $1 00 per bottle, at King & Wood's Drug Store. em

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DR E. C WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Fits Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression Softening of Brain, causing insanity misery, decay, death, Premature Old Age Barrenness, Loss of Power in either sex Impotency Leucorrhœa and all Female Weaknesses, Involuntary Losses, Spermatorrhœa caused by over exertion of brain self abuse over Indulgence A month's treatment $1 6 for $5, by mail. With each order for 6 boxes, with $5 will send written guarantee to refund if not cured Guarantees issued by agent WEST'S LIVER PILLS cures Sick Headache, Biliousness, Liver Complaint, Sour Stomach, Dyspepsia and Constipation. GUARANTEES issued only by

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——BEFORE——

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Weaver & Lewis.

THE FAIR

We will commence to-day to make a general reduction in every department to reduce our stock before invoicing. You can buy more goods for your money than ever THEY MUST GO.

OUR CROCKERY DEPARTM'T.

White Porcelain Cups and Saucers, per set,	45c
Best Meakin Dinner Plates	45c
No 1 Lamp Chimney, only	3c
No 2 Lamp Chimney, only	4c
Lamps all complete,	18c
Best Wash Bowl and Pitcher	75c
Half Gallon Glass Water Pitcher,	18c
1 doz Jelly Glasses with lid,	25c
35c Fruit Dishes,	2 c
Glass Sets worth 50c, now	25c
Fruit Dishes, six for only	2 c
Cream Pitchers	5c
Picture Frames, only	22c
Oil Paintings	98c
$1 98 Oil Paintings	98c
Mirrors	18, 21 and 25c

NOTION DEPARTMENT.

$1 25 Kid Body Dolls	65c
Gold Baby Rings	10c
Envelopes, three for	25c
Bordered Handkerchiefs	5c
Wool Shawls, white blue and fancy colors	from 75c up

Not one-third what they are worth

White Kid Gloves, per pair	25c

Hand Satchels, Grips and Valises cheaper than you ever saw them

FALL AND WINTER UNDERWEAR

We have a line we will sell at about ONE-HALF PRICE

Come as early as possible. IT WILL PAY YOU

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Farmers, Attention!

WE HAVE

500 PAIRS OF PLOW PANTS at $1.00 A PAIR which we warrant not to rip.

100 DOZ. WORKING SHIRTS, SPECIAL GOOD VALUE, at 50c apiece.

100 DOZ. OVERALLS, GOOD MATERIAL AND Easy Fitting, made on Pants Pattern, at 50c a pair.

100 DOZ. SWEET, ORR & CO.'S PANTALOON OVERALLS, in Blue Denim, Fancy Stripes and Plaids, at 75c a Pair.

300 PAIRS OF ALL-WOOL, STRICTLY FAST COLOR, PANTS, guaranteed to give satisfaction or we will replace with a new pair. These are Bargains, and go at $3.00 per pair.

OUR NEW STOCK

OF

Spring and Summer Clothing

IS NOW READY FOR INSPECTION.

$40,000 worth to select from. Special attention is called to our Clay Worsted, 3-Button Cutaway Frock Suit. This suit is all wool, fast color, elegantly lined and flat bound, equal to the finest Merchant Tailors' work, and makes an elegant wedding or fine dress suit. Our price is $16.50, and we challenge the world on it.

COME AND SEE US.

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A GOOD TIME

To have your Watch Repaired is

NOW.

Our Facilities for WATCH, JEWELRY and CLOCK REPAIRING are the Best.

First-Class Work,
PROMPTNESS, and
Reasonable Charges.

W. R. ABBOTT & CO.,

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AND FINE WATCH REPAIRERS.

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OFFICE—Over the Postoffice, Decatur, Ill.

Garfield Tea Overcomes results of bad eating, Cures Sick Headache, Restores Complexion Saves Doctors' Bills. Sample free. GARFIELD TEA CO., 319 W. 46th St., N.Y.
Cures Constipation

LOCAL NEWS.

HENRY A. SANGER, of Joliet, has been appointed commissioner of the Joliet penitentiary to succeed B. K. Durfee, of Decatur, resigned.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND has selected Blount as his candidate for governor of Georgia. The statement has been made that Cleveland could not now carry Georgia and he proposes to make the test in the person of Blount.

It is announced that beginning Sept. 1, and until further notice, all officers and employes of the Wabash who have a fixed salary of $100 per month or over will have to put up with a reduction of 10 per cent.

THE Odd Fellows' Orphans' Home at Lincoln now has 49 inmates, and applications have been received for places for eight or ten more. The orphans are going to the Atlanta fair on Wednesday, September 6, the managers have invited them.

THE Decatur parties for witnessing the Bain-McDermott prize fight at Stonington, have been served with notice to appear in the circuit court at Taylorville August 29. A number of parties will go down as witnesses in the several cases.

MATTOON *Journal:* The P., D. & E. pay car came through to-day and the men were offered checks dated ahead, which they refused to accept, as had been decided last night. No trouble is anticipated at this point. The men will simply wait till the company can pay in currency.

IN the Thornton bank embezzlement trial at Tower Hill, W. F. Thornton and Christian Ballet waived examination and gave joint bond in the sum of $50,000 to await the action of the grand jury. The case of the other defendants, W. W. Thornton and J. L. Herrick, came up for hearing, and they were bound over, but bonds were not fixed so high.

THEY say the prize mean man lives in Elkhorn. He woke up a doctor at midnight to mix some medicine for his wife but when he reached home his wife was easier and "old economy" tramped back to the doctor's office, and told him that his better half did not require the medicine and asked him to take it back. The doctor consented, although the mixture was worthless to him, and refunded the 50 cents, with which the financier trudged back home.

LINCOLN *Herald:* Hon. L. B. Stringer is back from Washington where, it is believed, he has been trying to secure the appointment of postmaster for this city. It is announced that he is to speak on Labor Day. There are those who treat this appointment with levity, on the ground that he has no calloosities on his hands, but it is often remarked that the less a man knows experimentally of hard work the more likely he is to talk well upon the theme.

County Institute Echoes.

F. H. Coleman visited the institute Friday afternoon. His son, E. R. Coleman, who is a graduate of the Leland Stanford University also accompanied him

A. G. Duncan and May Gannon of the LaPlace schools were callers Friday.

Drs. W. A. Dixon and Carl Hoover, both ex-teachers of Macon county, called during the week

A number of the teachers will attend the World's fair this week.

The greater number of rural schools begin Sept. 4

Ex-Superintendent of Piatt County Geo. N. Snapp, returned to Bement yesterday evening. His school begins next Monday.

W. M. Evans, of Bushnell, addressed the teachers on "Tact." He stated that tact was one of the elements of success in a teacher's life. He held the closest attention of the teachers and his remarks were very favorably commented upon. Prof. Evans has made many friends by the able manner in which his talk and recitations were conducted.

J. N. Wilkinson, of Emporia Kansas State Normal school was renewing acquaintances among the teachers Friday. In the afternoon he gave a few minutes' talk on reminiscences, and afterwards an instructive lesson on phonics.

The enrollment lacked a few of 200. This institute was one of the best ever held in Macon county All seemed to be well satisfied and many expressed regret that the session didn't last two weeks.

The instruction given was practical throughout and well received by all interested. One noticeable feature was the absence of hilarity and frivolous wasting of time. Those who were absent or only attended a portion of the time missed some rare treats.

Dr. Leslie's "Merit."

Dr. Joseph Leslie, of Elwin, has reason to feel good to-day. He had his two prize winning horses at the Monticello fair last week. Thursday *Flossie L.* took first money in three straight heats, and Friday in the free-for-all pace *Merit* got to the front, taking the second, third and fourth heats. The Leslie horses will go in the Sullivan races next week, and will then be shipped to Peoria.

Match Your Dress

Your white or light-colored shoes can be made any desirable shade by Powers' new process. POWERS' SHOE STORE.
Aug. 16-d&wlt

WE could not improve the quality if paid double the price. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is the best Salve that experience can produce, or that money can buy.

WILLIAM HARRISON, who is nearly 80 years old and is said to resemble Gen. Harrison, and who was sent to the Denver (Colo.) poor farm some weeks ago, claims to be a first cousin of the ex-president, but says the latter doesn't know of his troubles.

The Wool Growers.

The Wool Growers' Association has sent out a request for the attendance of everybody interested in any way with the wool industry and the cotton industry to be present at a mass meeting to be held at Assembly Hall, World's Fair grounds, September 28th and 29th. The meeting is for the purpose of promoting the interests of the people engaged in these industries. We publish the following from the call for this meeting which is sent out by direction of the Ohio Wool Growers Association:

Every county and township having sheep, should be represented. We are threatened with *free wool. It will ruin the American wool industry.* It will drive men engaged in producing wool and raising sheep into the production of wheat and other farm products, thus further depressing the existing low prices; it will destroy the demand now made by sheep for pasture, hay, oats, and thus aid in reducing the prices of these products If the farmers of the country will assert their power they can prevent free wool. Cotton planters are invited to unite in demanding protective duties for both wool and cotton. The imports of foreign cotton are injurious to the cotton planters of the United States.

McKINNON ELOPEMENT.

Social Rumor About a Former Decatur Dentist.

From Thursday's Daily.

The fact has already been announced that Dr. John W. McKinnon, a prosperous dentist having an office in the Haworth Block, sold his business to Dr. Tobey, late of Danville. But there is an item connected with Dr. McKinnon, which socially is of vastly more interest than the sale of the dental patronage and forceps. A well-authenticated rumor has reached Decatur that Dr. John is now a married man, having on Sunday or Monday last wedded a beautiful young lady at St. Louis, who is the daughter of a millionaire of Philadelphia, and has been attending the World's Fair. Last Sunday the Doctor telegraphed to her at Peoria, where she was visiting friends, and she met him in St. Louis, where the ceremony took place. It is assumed that the daughter and wife has been forgiven, and that the conventional parental blessing has been bestowed. Efforts have been made to learn the maiden name of the bride, but no one appears to know the lady.

Dr. McKinnon was quite popular in exclusive society circles in this city, and no doubt to many of the Decatur 400, the rumored marriage of the young dentist will occasion genuine surprise and general gossip for nine or more days.

In due time no doubt the Doctor will authorize the formal announcement of his marriage.

IN JUSTICE TO MR. M'KINNON.

Dr. J. W. McKinnon, the well-known dentist, who recently sold out his business in Decatur to Dr. Tobey, later of Danville, is not at his home in Pennsylvania, as printed by a morning paper, nor did he forget to bid farewell to his friends, but to a chosen few he stated his plans for the future. While they are a trifle extraordinary they are not of the character insinuated by the article this morning. His accounts were squared so far as he knew and he left a large number of bills with Attorney Black to collect, who is also authorized to pay all claims against him.

Dogs are Safe.

From Thursday's Daily

There will be no more guns used on Decatur dogs by the police with such haste as was shown by Officer Coe when he riddled Fred Norman's $150 pointer pup, only 10 months old. It appeared, from the evidence offered at the trial before Justice Peddecord yesterday, that there was surprising ignorance on the part of the mayor and police as to the meaning of the new ordinance passed not long since by the city council. Under that ordinance, which repealed all others, tagless dogs cannot be shot down on sight. The officer or dog catcher must take them up, imprison them for five days, post descriptive notices of the dogs, and then if they are not claimed and the charges paid, they can be drowned or shot. The officers all admit that they will shoot no more dogs, but that the ordinance will be enforced.

$180,000 Bond Filed.

From Thursday's Daily.

Hon. Thomas N. Leavitt, of Maroa was in the city to-day, when he filed his bond as assignee for the creditors of the Leavitt-Ogelvie Agricultural Implement firm, which did business at Maroa, Clinton, Weldon and Cisco. The bond is for $180,000, with I. R. Mills, A. H. Mills W. H. Parlier, John Crocker, H. B. Smith, Cornelius Hoff and Frank Potter as sureties. Mr. Leavitt says all bills will be paid in full.

The Circuit Court.

From Friday's Daily.

This was the twenty-third day of the June term of the circuit court, and Judge Vail was on the bench for a short time.

John Boyd who was indicted with Flora Hanley, in two cases, for arson, was released. John has been in the county jail for about six months, and now secures his liberty on the belief by the prosecution that he did not plan the firing of the Tobil property.

Got There in 2:30.

At the Monticello Fair Thursday Dr. Joseph Leslie's *Flossie L.* got to the front in the 2:28 pace, taking the $200 purse in three straight heats, best time 2:30. The attendance was about 8,000. To-day the fair will close.

At Rest.

The funeral of Perry N. Odor was held Friday. A short service was held at the residence of Nelson Odor, father of the deceased, in Wheatland township after which the body was taken to the Salem church, where Rev. Simon Rohrer, of the Christian church preached the funeral sermon. The church and yard were filled with friends who came to pay their last respects to the dead. The floral offerings were numerous and beautiful. Four of his young friends from Chicago sent a large number of cut flowers. Appropriate music was furnished by a choir consisting of the Misses Jacobs, Frank Smith and Frank Faulkner. The selections were, "Lead Me Gently Home." "Go Bury Thy Sorrows." and Tennyson's last poem, "Crossing the Bar." The last named selection was a favorite of the young man. The pallbearers were Doc McDaniel. Clarence Hill, N. M. Jacobs, Wilbur Humphrey, James Lindsay, and William Price.

ALL that honesty, experience and skill can do to produce a perfect pill, has been employed in making DeWitt's Little Early Risers. The result is a specific for sick headache, biliousness and constipation. W. F. Neisler.

BOARD OF EQUALIZATION.

Selects Clerks and Adjourns for a Week—Assessment Statistics.

From Thursday's Daily.

The state board of equalization met yesterday and after adopting a resolution providing for the appointment of committee clerks, adjourned for a week.

For the convenience of the board and the information of the public a tabulated statement has been issued making a comparison of the assessment made by local assessors for the years 1892 and 1893 in the several counties of the state. The aggregate assessment for the year 1892 was $745,754,172; for 1893, $761,230,681. The net increase in the assessment for this year over last year is $15,476,509. Sixty-eight counties show an increase and thirty-four a decrease in the assessment. The increase in Sangamon county was $199,753, in Morgan, $125,643; in Macon, $330,217; in Christian, $283,340. The decrease in Logan was $958; in Macoupin, $164,143; Menard, $369,781. The increase in Cook county was $7,040,409. The biggest decrease was in Carroll which drops $502,047.

SMALL-POX SCARE at ARTHUR

A Young Lady Has the Symptoms and the Doctors Have Ordered the House Quarantined.

Tuscola Review.

Prof. Thos. H. Haney, of Arthur, was in the city Wednesday and reports that a probable case of small-pox exists there. At least the local physicians, Drs Luke and Collyer, have pronounced it such, and have ordered a strict quarantine of the premises where the case is said to exist, which is in the north part of the village. The case developed on a daughter of James Phillips, and as she attended a circus at Arcola just nine days previous to her sickness, it is thought that she may have been exposed at that time. At least that is the only place she had been outside of the village, and no other cases were known to exist then. If the disease really is small-pox the physicians should take every precaution to prevent its spread. There is no occasion to be alarmed, however, though a spread of the disease is liable to occur. We trust that the physicians of Arthur are mistaken, and that it will not prove to be a genuine case of the contagion.

Lively at the Hatfield Mill.

Last week the Hatfield Milling company on East Main street bought 10,000 bushels of wheat in wagon load lots, exclusive of what came in on the trains. The company is paying 55 cents for wheat, and are getting about all they can handle. Some wheat comes by wagon a distance of 26 miles, and Manager Bone says there is more to come from the same neighborhood. All of the wheat is of very good quality. There were 2,600 bushels bought yesterday. The company is paying 22 to 23 cents for oats and 35 cents for corn. The farmers are not getting wealthy selling wheat at 55 cents. Counting the rent of the land the expense of producing the wheat exceeds the money received. Several farmers have said that they have lost on the wheat yield $1 per acre. If the present prices continue, that means that the rent of land must come down and the pay for farm labor be reduced

Driven to Enlist in the Army.

An army officer connected with the recruiting service says that the prevailing hard times have driven a large number of men into the army as a means of livlihood. At present, he says, the army is nearer its maximum limit of 25 000 than at any time since the war. There are rarely more than 22,000 men in the ranks, but now there are only about 151 vacancies in the whole army, and orders have been issued to recruiting officers at the various stations to restrict the number of recruits. The physical examinations are severe, but in spite of this the number of applicants for the service has greatly increased.

Committee Appointed

About all of the Grand Army burial ground in Greenwood cemetery has been taken up by the old soldiers who have passed away. There is need of more ground adjacent to the present lot. It may possibly be obtained west of the road. Norman Pringle, commander of post 141, has appointed the following committee to confer with the Greenwood Cemetery officials in reference to the matter and submit a report to the post: F. L. Hays, chairman, C. M. Inboden, M. F. Kanan, Geo. S. Durfee and F. M. Young.

Death of Capt. J. R. Turner.

From Thursday's Daily.

Yesterday at Kenney at 11 30 occurred the death of Capt. J. R. Turner, an old and highly respected citizen. His death resulted from a paralytic stroke received in January last. His age was 72 years. The funeral occurs Friday at 10 30, under the auspices of the I. O. O. F. lodge of which he was a member. His wife, four sons and three daughters survive him. Mr. Turner was captain of Co. B., 107 Illinois Infantry.

Attorney James Whitley.

From Thursday's Daily

James Whitley, who has been studying law in the office of Buckingham & Schroll, left several days ago for Mt. Vernon to pass his examination for admission to the bar. He returned this morning and although he did not have the papers, he was notified by the clerk that he had successfully passed the examination.

AGAINST THE CITY

Decision of Justice Shorb in the Slaughter House Case

From Friday's Daily.

Justice Shorb was patient and attentive yesterday in listening to all that was said in the case of The City of Decatur vs. J. G. Danzeisen & Sons, the butchers arrested on complaint of Peter Huffman for maintaining an alleged nuisance and unwholesome slaughter house west of the city, within the city limits. Shorb got the case on a change of venue from Odor's court, that justice holding the ordinance good. The same points threshed over before Odor in the forenoon were gone over again in the afternoon before Shorb. It was contended by I. R. Mills and I. A. Buckingham who represented the butchers that the ordinance was too severe in punishment for violation, the ordinance providing that on conviction the fine for each day such slaughter house is maintained shall be not less than $1 00, nor more than $200. The point was made that such regulation is practically prohibitory and unreasonable. City Attorney Lee, Hugh Crea and W. C. Johns, for the prosecution, insisted that the city by ordinance had a right to regulate a nuisance and that the ordinance was in no sense unreasonable. The defense intimated that land or lot speculators were behind the prosecution, and that in reality the litigation is persecution against a legitimate line of business. Justice Shorb was not ready last evening at the adjournment of court to give his decision, but he did it this forenoon by quashing the writ, stating that the fine of $100 a day was too steep against what might be described as a "necessary nuisance." That ended the case, and now there will be no prosecution of any of the butchers. The slaughter houses will not be disturbed. Possibly the city council will see fit to pass another ordinance, reducing the penalty to $5 or $10 a day against parties responsible for a nuisance of any character to remain on their premises.

DIED.

On August 25, of old age, at 121 E. st Prairie street, Michael Ryan, aged 82 years.

The deceased was a native of Ireland and came to Decatur 25 years ago. The surviving children are Thomas Ryan, of St. Joseph, Mo., Mrs. McNeelis, of Kansas City, Mrs. James Landrigan, of Illiopolis, and Michael and John Ryan, of Decatur.

At the family residence, 731 West Macon street, August 24, at 3 a. m., Mrs Mary J. Shackelford, aged 43 years, 3 months and 1 day.

There will be a brief service at the house tomorrow and the funeral sermon will be delivered at Salem church at 2 p. m. by Rev. Simon Rohrer of the Christian church.

MARRIED.

At the C. P. parsonage, 450 North Broadway, Aug. 25, at 7:30 p. m., by Rev. J. A. F. King, Mr. Harry Crawford and Miss Anna Frampton, both of Decatur.

At His office, Aug. 16, by Judge Nelson, George L. Lilly, of Argenta, and Miss Sarah A. Adams, of Emery, Ill.

A Deplorable Accident.

From Friday's Daily.

A marked copy of the Jefferson (Iowa) *Bee*, of August 17th, has reached the REPUBLICAN. It contains the following statement in reference to the accidental death of a former resident of Macon county:

Our friend D. F. Barber and family, of Harcum township, are in deep sorrow at this time by reason of the untimely death of their son and brother, James W. Barber. The accident which resulted in his death occurred at Des Moines last Thursday as he was going home to supper. In passing up West Grand Avenue he saw a wire hanging over a high board fence and across the walk. Thinking of no harm he took hold of the wire with the evident purpose of putting it out of the way, when he fell upon the walk, stone dead. The wire was a live one from the arc line to the Water company's plant, and the coroner's jury held the linemen of that company to answer to the charge of criminal carelessness in leaving such a death-dealing agent in the public highway. The deceased was a deaf mute, 27 years of age, who came to Greene county with his parents about two years ago. Becoming tired of farm work he went to Des Moines last spring, and has since worked for the furniture house of L. Harbach & Co. He was a steady, industrious young man, popular with his associates and greatly beloved in his home. The father went to Des Moines by first train, was present at the request, and returned on Saturday with the remains, which were buried in the Jefferson cemetery. The sincere sympathy of our people is extended to this worthy family in their great bereavement.

Close of the Institute.

From Saturday's Daily.

The Macon County Teachers' Institute, which has been one of the most profitable examinations ever held, closed last evening, when the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved: That we, the teachers of Macon county do hereby tender our thanks to County Superintendent J. N. Donahey, Dr. Hewett, W. M. Evans, J. E. Wilkinson, J. H. Coonrad, and R. F. Davidson for the efficient manner in which they have conducted the present institute. And resolved, That we as teachers do pledge our hearty support in the co-operation of the school work of Macon county and further we extend our thanks to Miss McCall for the able manner in which she has furnished music for the institute and to the board of education for the use of the High School building.

Nearly 200 teachers were in attendance during the week. Prof. J. N. Wilkinson, of the State Normal School, Emporia, Kansas; Prof. Evans, of Bushnell, and Prof. Hare addressed the institute during yesterday afternoon.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cures piles
DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cures burns
DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cures sores.
DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cures ulcers

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WEEKLY REPUBLICAN.

Entered at the Postoffice at Decatur, Illinois as second class mail matter.

VOTE against free silver coinage: Republicans 114 out of 125; Democrats only 111 out of 211. Think of it.

OUT of 1,000 foreigners who came to Pittsburg last year 1,400 will, in the near future, return to Europe. The gates are beginning to open outward.

JUST think of it, we must endure three more years of John P. Altgeld. This argues that people ought to be more careful with that sacred power the ballot.

AS HAS frequently been predicted by the Republican press, proportionately more Republicans in the House voted in favor of the repeal of silver purchase than Democrats.

MAYOR HARRIS has fearlessly concluded that the anarchists and communists the disciples of John P. Altgeld who have stolen the garb of honest labor to serve the devil in, shall no longer be allowed to parade the streets of Chicago.

THE fact that the announcement that 38 senators are booked for speeches on the silver question, does not stimulate public apprehension and distrust, shows that there has been a marked improvement in the financial situation.

THE *Globe-Democrat* very wisely says, "Hoarding by banks is just as bad as hoarding by private citizens, and it should be stopped as soon as possible." But the banks will let go just as soon as the people show a disposition to do so.

SIXTY-FOUR per cent. of the Democrats in the house voted for the repeal of the silver purchase act, and 81 per cent. of the Republicans voted for its repeal, thus Tom Reed did not overstate the fact when he said that the Republicans will still be found as they have always been in the past for honest money.

BOURKE COCKRAN in his speech Saturday said, "The Aldrich report (senate committee report, 1892, as to the operation of the new tariff law) shows that never before in the history of the world did the laboringman of America receive so much in gold for his labor." This would be a good thing for the laboringman to remember.

A DEMOCRATIC exchange shouts: "But the tariff barons have not stopped robbing the many, the tariff has'nt been touched." But according to the Democratic theory they must have stopped robbing, tariff or no tariff, for they have stopped business and the workmen whom the Democrats said were not getting a fair divide of profits are out of work.

IF the silver cranks, and other fiat money cranks, together with the present generation of demagogues who go about deceiving the people by appeals to their prejudices, were all buried with the silver purchase law, the country would be free indeed. Such an event, however, would necessitate the calling of a new election but the benefits that would accrue to the people would more than offset the trouble and expense.

THE time must come, and will in our opinion come speedily, when the honest, loyal laboringmen will have to speak out and disclaim any connection with or sympathy for those so-called laboringmen who attempted to commit them to an endorsement of Gov. Altgeld's anarchist message, and the conduct of the same gang who have assembled to hear anarchistic and socialistic speeches, and after hearing them have indulged in parades in New York, Buffalo, Milwaukee and Chicago for the purpose of looting other men's business and for general rioting. Altgeld has encouraged this lawless and dangerous element, and honest laboringmen alone can prevent it from doing the things it is doing in the name of labor by disclaiming all sympathy with it.

THE Trade and Labor Assembly, of Columbus, O., when it found at a regular meeting that its committee had invited Gov. Waite, of Colorado, to speak Labor Day, instructed the committee to withdraw the invitation on the ground that the governor had advocated a division of the west from the east. If every labor organization would quit inviting such demagogues as Waite to address them on such occasions the cause of labor would be better off. Honest labor never gained anything by listening to impractical demagogues whose only object is to array labor against capital, the only power that can employ labor. It was the influence of such demagogues that put labor into the position it is today, where it is a question of getting work at any price instead of debating the best means of securing an advance in wages. The Columbus assembly has set a good example. Other organizations ought to follow it.

Another Ratio.

Out of 126 Republicans voting on the proposition for the free coinage of silver, at a ratio of 16 to 1, 114 voted nay. Out of a total Democratic vote of 211, on the same proposition, only 111 voted nay. This shows some improvement in Democratic financial thought, but the ratio of Republican votes to the total Republican vote when compared to that of the Democrats shows up largely in favor of the Republicans as an honest money party.

WARM weather makes a demand upon the vitality which you should be prepared to meet. In order to overcome its debilitating effects, take Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It purifies and invigorates the blood, sharpens the appetite, and makes the weak strong.

They Will Still Favor Fiat Money.

If the silver purchase provision of the so-called Sherman act has caused the present financial trouble through fear that it might force the country to a silver basis and that act is repealed, as it no doubt ought to be, will not the party in power bring on another financial panic from the same cause when it begins its readvocacy of free coinage with wildcat money added? The apologists for that party say they will not do that. Did not Voorhees and scores of other Democrats who favor the silver purchase repeal declare, in their speeches, that the party means to do it? Mr. Springer from our own district, in his speech last Friday, took up this feature of the matter and spoke very plainly upon it. He said in part:

> There is just as much ground for stating that we will not carry out our pledges in reference to the tariff or to the election laws as there is for stating that we will not carry out all our pledges in regard to silver. As soon as this repeal measure is adopted I trust that the law-making powers of the government will enter upon the consideration of this subject and the members of this house will put forth every effort in their power to investigate thoroughly and afterward to formulate properly such a measure as will meet fully the expectations of the American people upon this subject. He who falters in this work will receive the just condemnation of his constituents. If the factoring be upon this floor, if there be members who shall be recreant to this trust, they will find very soon that the places that know them now will know them no more forever.
>
> Some have urged that President Cleveland will not co-operate with the representatives of the people upon this subject; that he will not sign his name to a measure giving relief to the people and carrying out our pledge to make the largest possible use of gold and silver as a part of the money of the country. If it be that he will prove false to his trust, it were better for him that a millstone were tied about his neck and that he were cast into the sea. I do not believe that any gentleman upon this floor contemplates such treason. I do not believe for a moment that Grover Cleveland would in the slightest respect prove false to the pledges he has made. At no time in the past has he shown a disposition to shrink from the responsibilities of his station or go back on his solemn pledges to the people. I believe that the representatives of the people upon this floor, the Democratic party as represented in the senate, and the president of the United States will unite in making good the promises that we made to the people and upon which we secured the election of a large majority of this house, a majority in the senate and an unprecedented majority of the electoral college in behalf of the candidates of the Democratic party.

Three Messages.

After a trial of ten years of free trade tariff President Buchanan in his message to congress in 1857 said:

> We have possessed all the elements of material wealth in rich abundance, but yet, notwithstanding all these advantages, our country in its monetary interests is at the present moment in a deplorable condition. In the midst of unsurpassed plenty in all the productions of agriculture and in all the elements of national wealth we find our manufactures suspended, our public works retarded, our private enterprises of all kinds abandoned, and thousands of useful laborers thrown out of employment and reduced to want.

After a trial of 30 years of protection President Harrison in his message to congress in 1892 said:

> "In submitting my annual message to Congress I have great satisfaction in being able to say that the general conditions affecting the commercial and industrial interests of the United States are in the highest degree favorable. A comparison of the existing conditions with those of the most favored period in the history of the country will, I believe, show that so high a degree of prosperity and so general a diffusion of the comforts of life were never before enjoyed by our people."

After the country realized that the government had been turned over to the party which threatened to re-enact the laws that brought about the condition referred to by Buchanan, Grover Cleveland called a special session of Congress, and in his message to Congress he drew the following picture of the condition of the country brought about by the threat to re-establish wild cat money and a free trade tariff

> Our unfortunate financial plight is not the result of untoward events nor of conditions related to our natural resources, nor is it traceable to any of the afflictions which frequently check national growth and prosperity. With plenteous crops, with abundant promise of remunerative production and manufacture, with unusual invitation to safe investment, and with satisfactory assurances to business enterprises suddenly financial distrust and fear have sprung up on every side.

In these three messages there is material for reflection on the part of the careless voter, the voter who allows his prejudices to control his vote rather than his judgment, and the voter who made himself believe that it would not make a "dollars worth" of difference to him what party is in powar.

BURKE COCKRAN, defending the Democratic platform, states that it does not demand the free coinage of silver, that if it did why did the Colorado people go back on the party in 1892. The Democratic platform did declare in favor of free silver coinage in these words:

> We hold to the use of both gold and silver as the standard money of the country, and to the coinage of *both gold and silver without discriminating against either metal or charge for mintage*, but the dollar unit of coinage of both metals must be of equal intrinsic and exchangeable value.
>
> The reason that Colorado and other silver states did not accept this declaration in favor of free coinage was that it did not declare in favor of the coinage of fifty cent dollars or free coinage at the ratio of 16 to 1.

The Spy System of the Pension Office

That information of a personal nature had been furnished to the pension office by persons unknown in many parts of the country no one has any doubt, for in no manner could such information have been known. Hoke Smith pretends to say that his board selects such cases as seem on their face to be over-rated, *yet in not a single instance has the dropped pensioner been given the actual cause for which pension was granted, but some other named disability is quoted.* One of the spies has been caught at his dastardly work. Not long since a thing calling himself a man, by the name of Lee Joseph, of Indian Grove, Mo., came to J. W. Isle, an old soldier, to make affidavit to certain papers. The notary caught sight of certain words that caused him to look again and saw the names of certain old soldiers used in a manner not to their credit as pensioners. This bushwhacker spy is one of the administration deputy postmasters and wants to be loyal to his employers and at their bidding does this sort of work. Now in times of war such dirty dogs were hung to the first tree when caught. Their carcasses made better fertilizers than anything else. An open enemy is to be commended, but cowardly stab-in-the-back sort of people should be shunned by every law-abiding citizen. *Western Veteran, Topeka, Kan.*

We do not know whether the spy system has been adopted in Decatur or not, but we do know that the pension office, no matter in whose control it may be, cannot find any justification for giving attention to what a self-constituted spy might say, as no man other than medical examiners can know what the extent of an applicant's disabilities are. As to the charge, that the pension office when it has suspended pensions has asked the beneficiary for further proof touching diseases the pensioner does not suffer from, and which were not mentioned in his application and for which he was not pensioned, is true here as it is alleged to be in Kansas. In doing this sort of business the pension office lays itself open to the charge of gross carelessness, or else of an attempt to confuse and defeat the person whose pension has been suspended in any effort he may make for reinstatement, for should he attempt to furnish further evidence as to the disability for which he was pensioned, he would probably be told that that was not what the pension office asked for, and if he furnished evidence as to the disability the office asked him to furnish evidence for and from which he never suffered, the officer would probably inform him that he had set up no such disability in his original application.

Some Silver Law Facts.

From August 13, 1890, to August 16, 1893, the treasury department under the provisions of the Sherman law purchased 161,521,000 fine ounces of silver, costing $150,669,459. The highest price paid was $1.20¼ an ounce, August 20, 1890; the lowest 69 cents an ounce July 24, 1893.

In payment of this silver bullion the government issued treasury notes to the amount of $150,115,985. These notes are redeemable in coin, but for fear of disturbing the parity of silver, the secretary of the treasury redeemed all that were presented in gold, except $714,636, which were redeemed in silver dollars. Altogether up to August 1, 1893, $49,184,160 of these treasury notes had been redeemed in gold.

The Sherman law also provided for the coinage of 2,000,000 ounces of silver per month to Jan. 1, 1902, when it should cease, and under this provision of the law 36,087,185 silver dollars have been coined from the bullion purchased under that act.

The government now owns 133,161,375 ounces of silver bullion at a cost of $121,127,677.

This law has increased our circulation —not taking into account the coinage of silver under the Bland-Allison act by which $2,000,000 were coined per month, which was repealed by the Sherman law —$186,203,170. The fact that the government, as a matter of policy, had to redeem these treasury notes in gold, was made the basis for the war on silver purchase; and to this is attributed our present financial disorder.

The repeal of the silver purchase clause of the law will leave the silver now in circulation, either by itself or its representatives—silver certificates and silver treasury notes—where it is now, and of which we have about $500,000,000. Silver coinage will be stopped as well as silver purchase, and our silver circulation will be maintained at par.

The Sherman Law a Republican Measure.

Bloomington *Pantagraph:* The little Democratic sheets who are trying to make partisan capital out of the demand for the repeal of the Sherman law should read what the Philadelpia *Times*, the leading Democratic paper of Pennsylvania, says. The *Times* declares that while the Sherman law stands as a Republican measure it is due to the truth of history to say that it was the wisest enactment that was of possible attainment at the time of its passage, and so far from accusing the Republican party of being wholly responsible for the silver troubles of to-day, it is entitled to credit for having defeated an evil of vastly greater proportions that seriously threatened the country at the time.

The Dangerous Ratio.

The vote in the House on the free silver coinage at a ratio of 16 to 1, the ratio of Democrats to Republicans in favor of free coinage was 102 to 13. Taking into consideration the changeable and intrinsic value the ratio is still greater, as every one of the 102 Democrats favors free trade also while the "bakers' dozen" of free silver Republicans are in favor of giving American workmen an opportunity to work at good wages.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From Our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28, 1893.

The Wilson bill now goes to the Senate, where it will be referred to the Finance committee, never to be heard from again. The reason why this bill will be shelved by the Senate committee is that the majority of Senators who favor unconditional repeal prefer the Voorhees bill for the same purpose, with its tail-piece declaring it to be the policy of the Government to maintain a bimetallic currency. As a matter of fact this declaration carries no weight without additional legislation and that implication is relied upon to gain the votes of Senators who would otherwise not vote for unconditional repeal. Whether this will prove to be true only time can tell.

There are many rumors of defections among the Southern free-coinage Senators, and the claim is boldly being made that a number of them will, after making free coinage speeches, vote for unconditional repeal. Senators Call and Pasco, of Florida, are said to have made positive promises to that effect. So confident are the administration senators that they can get enough votes from the South to pass the bill, if they can only get it to a vote, that a proposition has been made to Republican Senators to try to get them to use their influence with the Republican Senators who favor free coinage, not to vote for unconditional repeal, but merely to agree to allow a vote to be taken. It was stated to them that if they would secure that agreement the Democratic Senators would agree that the tariff should not be disturbed at this session of Congress. The proposition was declined. In making that proposition the [administration men showed that they realize the difficulty in getting the bill through the Senate, even if they can get the promise of the votes of a majority of the Senators. Under the present rules of the Senate, which will not be changed, twenty Senators can, if so disposed, stave off indefinitely the taking of a vote on the bill, and that more than that number are at present so disposed there can be no doubt. The outcome of this matter depends upon whether the men who now stand for free coinage or nothing can be persuaded or coerced into allowing a vote to be taken. Mr. Cleveland will return to Washington this week for the purpose of adding his personal influence to those already being brought to bear on the Southern Senators to vote for repeal.

One of the best, as well as one of the most conservative, of the speeches made in the house during the silver debate, was that delivered by ex-Speaker Reed on Saturday. He was at his best, and at the close of his speech was warmly congratulated by Democrats as by Republicans.

The new rules of the house are much better than those used by the last house, but are not as good as the much-abused Reed rules, which they follow to a certain extent.

The number of Democratic Congressmen who do not agree with the administration in its treatment of pensioners is increasing, or, perhaps it would be more correct to say that the number of those who have the courage to express their opinion is growing larger. The latest case is that of General Dan Sickles, who represents one of the New York city districts, the nomination having been given him by Tammany to prevent his bolting the Cleveland ticket. In a speech on the silver question Gen. Sickles advocated as one of the methods of temporarily relieving the money stringency that pension claims due Oct. 1 be paid at once. He said in that connection: "Why not pay out now to this large mass of public creditors distributed all over the country—men and women and children who have the most touching claims upon public gratitude—$30,000,000 in small bills and silver? The money will go where it will do the most good; among the brave men who do not hoard their pittance from distrust of the government they saved, and who are to-day feeble and infirm and unable to find employment to earn a living." Good as this suggestion is, there is little or no possibility of its being adopted. The administration that pays out pension money grudgingly after it is due will not be likely to anticipate the payment of a dollar of it.

The Beginning of the Trouble.

St. Louis *Globe-Democrat:* It is well to keep the fact in mind that the present financial trouble began when Secretary Carlisle intimated an intention to redeem the silver certificates in silver. That was the note of alarm which quickly spread apprehension throughout the whole country. It was construed as a tacit acknowledgment of the probability of a sudden descent to a silver basis, with accompanying evils of the worst character. Up to that time the people had not doubted that the credit of the Government was equal to any emergency, and that under no circumstances would it be dishonored. But when the suggestion of such an important change came from such an authoritative source the effect was seen at once in a general manifestation of distrust and uneasiness. It is true that Mr. Carlisle hastened to retract the statement and to talk in a more hopeful vein, but the harm had already been done, and it has not yet been repaired. The loss of confidence about which we hear so much had its origin right there, and the responsibility should be placed accordingly. There is reason to believe that the unfortunate announcement was made from good motives and for the purpose of arousing the country to the danger of the continued purchasing of silver and the necessity of a new policy in that respect; but it came at a time and under conditions, nevertheless, which imparted to it a most disturbing and depressing significance.

The Sherman law is a mischievous one, unquestionably, and the only thing to be said in its favor is that its adoption prevented the passage of an infinitely worse one; but the assertion is safe that it would not have brought things to the present unhappy situation if the new Administration had refrained from making a national scarecrow of it at a most critical time.

Reduced Rents.

Mayor Harrison of Chicago is landlord, and in view of the present scarcity of labor has reduced the rent to his tenants. If John P. Altgeld will now follow Carter's example and go him one better by eliminating the gold payment clause from his leases, the work of reform may be said to have begun in earnest.



A "RUN-DOWN"

and "used-up" feeling is the first warning that your liver isn't doing its work. And, with a torpid liver and the impure blood that follows it, you're an easy prey to all sorts of ailments.

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For every disease caused by a disordered liver or impure blood, it is the only *guaranteed* remedy. If it doesn't benefit or cure, in every case, you have your money back.

Can be counted on to *cure* Catarrh —Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. It's nothing new. For 25 years it has been doing that very thing. It gives prompt and complete relief.

The proprietors offer $500 for an incurable case of Catarrh.

Crops in Brief.

The weekly weather crop bulletin for Illinois is as follows: The average temperature and sunshine for the week was about normal; almost no rain in the north division and slight in the center, normal in the south. Corn was seriously damaged by drouth and will make only a half crop in many places. Very little fall plowing for wheat was done owing to drouth.

COLLIS P. HUNTINGTON, the railway magnate, still runs the hardware store in California that gave him his start in business.

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+ FRANK H. COLE, +

B. F. BOBO, Manager,

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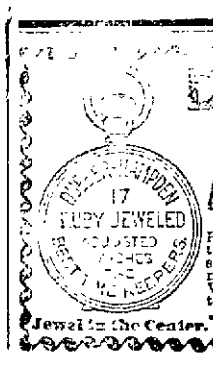
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Jewel in the Center. THE DUEBER WATCH WORKS, Canton, O.

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[C]ONTRACTING GRAIN.

[Judge] Myers Renders an Important [Decis]ion Affecting the Inter[es]ts of Farmers and Dealers.

Bloomington Pantagraph

Judge Myers rendered an important decision yesterday and one that interests farmers and grain buyers alike. The last grand jury returnedan indictment against D. L. Pyle, charging him with obtaining money under false pretense. The evidence adduced showed that Pyle was a farmer, and that he contracted with a grain buyer to sell him 1500 bushels of corn: the grain buyer paid Pyle $400 in cash, the remainder to be paid when the grain was delivered. Pyle did not deliver the grain, and it is said sold it to another buyer and received full price for it. Motion was made to quash the indictment, and Judge Myers decided that defendant could not be convicted for obtaining money under false pretense and that the circumstances constituted a case simply of breach of trust. Inasmuch as Pyle had the grain when he contracted to sell it, then he acted, presumably, in good faith; then it was in his power to carry out his contract. Then he was not guilty of crime. If it had been that he did not have the grain at the time he made the contract and received the money, then he would be guilty of obtaining money under false pretense.

CATTLE ARE AFFLICTED.

[Ca]ttle, Imported from Missouri, Killing Herds in Illinois.

Within the past week a strange disease has broken out with great violence among herds of cattle in McLean county and principally in the vicinity of Bloomington. Though the disease is entirely new and strange to experts, it is diagnosed as keratitis, which has for years raged among cattle in some portions of the far west. It is a malignant and contagious disease of the eye. It is thought to have been brought to Illinois by cattle shipped here from western Missouri.

It has already affected fifty or more cattle and stopped the sale temporarily of hundreds. All animals affected are either importations from Missouri or cattle pastured near them. When one animal is affected the disease runs through the herd. The animal ceases to eat and ruminate; the eyeballs grow red and inflamed, tears run down the cheeks, and postules and cataracts form on the eyeballs. In extreme cases the interior of the eye becomes inflamed and the [ey]eball bursts, and the animal becomes to[tally b]lind.

[SE]NSATION EXPLODED.

Startling Stories From Oakland Denied by the Douglas County Authorities.

For a week past the newspapers of Chicago have been publishing startling stories sent in from Oakland, Ill., about one John G. Myers assaulting and leaving for dead a woman named Willis and also hanging his niece to a tree until life was almost extinct. The crimes are alleged to have been committed in Douglas county. J. C. Cutler, the sheriff, states that no such woman as Mrs. Willis ever lived at Brushyforks, nor is there any truth in the hanging story. Myers was wanted for whipping his niece and a warrant was sworn out for him. He left the country two weeks ago, and no armed mob has been pursuing or trying to corral him, as reported.

Family Nearly Roasted to Death.

The family of James Kennedy, living along the Indianapolis, Decatur & Western road two miles west of Tuscola, came near being roasted alive Monday night. The building was all in flames and the roof ready to fall in when the limited express at midnight passed and the seven inmates were still sleeping. The train was stopped and after the whistle was blown vigorously the parents were awakened. The five children were almost suffocated and were dragged from [th]eir beds just in time to escape death.

Strengo.

The Rev. Robert McIntyre, formerly of [C]hicago, has created a sensation among [hi]s congregation in Denver. He has pre[fe]rred a request to his people that his [sa]lary shall be reduced in the sum of $7,000. In his opinion his salary of $5,000 is at least twice as large as it ought to be in hard times, and he can cut down his expenses without suffering beyond endurance. Next! *Chicago Tribune.*

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

The REPUBLICAN is indebted to B. Z. Taylor dealer in grain, provisions and stocks, with correspondents in Chicago, New York, Minneapolis and St. Louis, for the following market quotations:

CHICAGO, ILL., August 30, 1893.

ARTICLES	Opening.	High'st	Lowest	Closing
WHEAT—				
Aug.	....	....		61½
Sep.	61¾	61¾	61⅛	61⅜
Dec.	67¼	67¾	67½	67⅜
CORN—				
Aug.	....	....	....	37⅛
Sep.	37¾	37¾	37	37⅛
Dec.	....	....	....	....
May	40¾	4[illegible]¾	41½	[illegible]
OATS—				
Aug.	....	....	....	23¾
Sept.	23¾	23¾	23½	23¼
May	29⅜	29¾	29⅜	29⅜
PORK—				
Sep.	.....	.....	.....	11 60
Jan.	.....	.....	.....	.....
LARD—				
Sep.	....	....	....	7 40
Oct.	....	....	....	....
Jan.	....	....	....	....
RIBS—				
Sep.	....	....	....	8 6[illegible]
Oct.	....	....	....	....

TO-DAY'S RECEIPTS—CAR LOTS.
Wheat, all grades, 1[illegible]. Contract.
Corn, all grades, [illegible]. Contract.
Oats, all grades, 2[illegible]. Contract.
LIVE STOCK RECEIPTS.
Hogs 25,000; $4 75@5 [illegible]. Lower.
Cattle 16,000, Weak.
Puts on Dec. wheat........................[illegible]
Calls " " ....[illegible]
Puts " May corn........................[illegible]
Calls " " ....[illegible]
ESTIMATES FOR TO-MORROW.
Wheat, 8[illegible]; Corn, [illegible]; Oats, [illegible]
Hogs 26,000.

SHOT BY HIGHWAYMEN.

Quick Work at Danville by the Police of That City.

A cold-blooded murder was committed near Danville Friday night, which has caused much excitement. Henry J. Helmick, a farmer and his wife, were returning in a buggy from Pilot Chapel near Danville, where they had attended services. A short distance from their home four men waylaid them. Two took hold of the horses and the other two mounted the steps of the buggy and ordered Helmick to throw up his hands. Instead of obeying the order he gave the horses the whip which threw the two men off the steps, the horses breaking lose from the other two men. The highwaymen fired after Mr. Helmick and his wife, killing Mr. Helmick instantly. The wife drove home and raised an alarm. Searching parties immediately started to find the murderers. Four tramps were arrested but it is thought they are not the right parties. Two sons of the murdered man were riding horseback some distance behind. They saw the flash of the revolvers, but when they came up the men had gone and they did know of the murder until they reached home, where they found their mother with the dead body of the father in the buggy.

The four men who held up and murdered farmer Henry Helmick last Friday night at Danville, have been arrested and are confined in the county jail. They are Charles Harris, a fresco painter, 17 years old; Elias McJenkins, a coal miner, 18 years old; Frank Starr, a coal miner, 20 years old, and Harvey Pate, a farm hand, who formerly worked for Helmick, 21 years old. Harris and McJenkins have confessed. They say that Pate fired the fatal shot. Two thousand people were congregated around the jail last night. Should they attempt to take the murderers out Sheriff Newton will make a desperate defence. Harris, recently of Chicago, has confessed that he and the others made up the plan at a saloon in Danville. Pate knew Helmick had money. The arrests are the more important as the gang has committed robberies all over eastern Illinois. The funeral of Helmick was attended by 3,000 people. The Danville police are to be congratulated on bagging the assassins in such quick time.

A Missing Man.

Wm. Ludwick, who was lived in the northeast part of the city and was running a threshing machine about five miles west of Decatur, came into Decatur on August 12th to get a machinist to roll the flues in his engine. He sent one of Mr. Oaks' men out and directed his engineer to call for him at the St. Nicholas Hotel on the morning of the 13th, since which time no trace of him has been found. The Decatur police have been notified and they have searched in vain for a clue to his whereabouts. Mr. Ludwick was a hard-working man with three motherless children whom he left living alone, the oldest not 12 years old. They were cared for by the neighbors and J. H. Parker until his sisters were notified at Clinton. Mrs. Frank Wykle and Mrs. Mecum Ludwick's sisters came Tuesday and took the children with the household goods away where they no doubt will be well taken care of. It is much of a mystery to all as to Ludwick's actions. Some intimations from him heretofore lead some to believe he may have committed suicide, but many think he will yet turn up all right.—*Macon News.*

He "Raised" the Notes.

Dr. A. B. Cauble, of Sidell, near Tuscola, has been proven to be a forger for a large amount, and is now in some far-off country. Dr. Cauble's forgeries amount to over $5,000, and he secured this by raising notes. One note of $150 he raised to $1,500, and another of $200 was raised to $2,000. These notes were signed by good men in his county, where he was considered the soul of honor. His marriage to a prominent society lady of Carlinville three months ago was a notable event, and was celebrated with much pomp. Dr. Cauble last year built a fine opera house in Sidell.

Hydrophobia Scare.

A singular outbreak of hydrophobia among dogs and hogs developed last week south of Decatur a few miles. A dog belonging to Isaac Cornthwait was killed, as were also two dogs and a hog, the property of Eli Bird. Mr. Bird stated that one of his dogs, for which he had refused $25, was badly affected. It snapped at his children. All of the animals frothed at the mouth and ran around biting at everything in sight. How the hydrophobia got in that neighborhood is a mystery.

Brinkerhoff Echo.

John M. Brinkerhoff and Margaret V. Oliver, administratrix of the estate of Edwin T. Oliver, deceased, a former partner of the firm of Brinkerhoff & Oliver, filed a suit in chancery against George M. Brinkerhoff, who mysteriously disappeared several weeks ago, for the appointment of a receiver to take charge of the business and settle the affairs of the firm.—*Springfield News.*

It Should be in Every House.

J. B. Wilson, 371 Clay street, Sharpsburg, Pa., says he will not be without Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, that it cured his wife who was threatened with Pneumonia after an attack of "La Grippe," when various other remedies and several physicians had done her no good. Robert Barber, of Cooksport, Pa., claims Dr. King's New Discovery has done him more good than anything he ever used for Lung Trouble. Nothing like it. Try it. Free trial bottles at King & Wood's drug store. Large bottles, 50c and $1.00

BY A BIG MAJORITY.

All the Amendments to the Wilson Repeal Bill Voted Down,

AND THE BILL ITSELF EASILY PASSED.

How the Members Voted on the Various Ratios of Coinage Proposed and on the Final Passage of the Bill.

HOUSE.

When the speaker commanded order at 12 o'clock nearly every seat in the hall was filled, an unmistakable evidence of the general and individual interest in the matter in hand.

Chaplain Haddaway prayed briefly and in a very inaudible tone at a distance of more than ten feet from the desk, for an especial gift of wisdom and judgment to rightly settle the great question before the house.

After the reading of the journal, Mr. Weaver (N. Y.) appeared at the bar of the house on the arm of his colleague, Gen. Tracey and was sworn in by the speaker.

The resolution contained in the order of procedure on the silver question was reported by the clerk, providing for a vote first upon free coinage of silver at the present ratio of 16 to 1.

Representative Bailey (Tex.) asked if, in the event of all the amendments included in the order being defeated, it would be in order to propose an additional amendment germane to the subject. Speaker Crisp replied that as at present advised he would answer no, that the order provides exhaustively all that the house may consider but that when the time came to formally present the question the gentleman from Texas might be heard.

Mr. McMillan desired to offer an amendment providing for free coinage of the product of the silver mines of the United States, but Mr. Bland objected even to having it read, saying that such a proposition was not free coinage at all.

The roll was then called upon the amendment to the Wilson bill providing for the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. It resulted: Yeas, 123; nays 225.

Mr. Shell (dem., S. C.), in favor of free silver, was paired with Mr. Graham (dem., N. Y.) opposed to it.

Not nearly as much interest was taken on the second vote, which was on the ratio of 17 to 1. The decisive vote on the 16 to 1 ratio seemed to dishearten the silver men, and in place of the attention which was paid to the first was substituted a listlessness which was spread throughout the hall. The vote resulted in the defeat of the amendment by a vote of Yeas, 100; nays, 226. The populist member did not vote.

The members who voted for the 16 to 1 ratio, but against the 17 to 1 ratio, were Messrs. Bretz (dem., Ind.), Brookshire (dem., Ind.), Bryan (dem., Neb.), Conn (dem., Ind.), Doolittle (rep., Wash.), Geary (dem., Cal.), Harris (pop., Kan.), Holman (dem., Ind.), Latimer (dem., S. C.), Maguire (dem., Ala.), McKeighan (pop., Neb.), McLaurin (dem., S. C.), Post (rep., Ill.), Strait (dem., S. C.), Sweet (rep., Idaho), Talbert (dem., S. C.) and Tayler (dem., Ind.).

The gentlemen who voted for 16 to 1 but who declined to vote at all on the 17 to 1 amendment were Messrs. Baker (pop., Kan.), Bankhead (dem., Ala.), Boen (pop., Minn.) Cannon (dem., Cal.), Cockrell (dem., Tex.), Days (pop., Kan.), Grady (dem., N. C.) Hudson (dem., Kan.) Kem, (pop., Neb.), Pence (pop., Col.), Simpson (pop., Kan.) and Turpin (dem., Ala.)

Messrs Russell (dem., Ga.) and Snodgrass (dem., Tenn.) who voted against 16 to 1, voted in favor of the 17 to 1.

The 18 to 1 standard was defeated by a vote of: Yeas, 102, nays 239.

Of those who had previously voted on 16 or 17 to 1, the following did not vote at all on the 18 to 1 ratio. Messrs. Allen (dem., Miss.), Bankhead (dem., Ala.), Baily (dem., Tex.), Cannon (dem., Cal.), Grady (dem. N. C.) and Livingston (dem., Ga.).

The other changes on this vote as compared with the vote on 17 to 1 were as follows. Baldwin (dem., Minn.), who voted for 17, voted against 18 and Hilburn (rep., Cal.) and Ikert (dem., O.), who voted against 17, voted for 18.

The house then voted immediately on the 19 to 1 amendment, and it was also defeated. Yeas, 101; nays, 238.

On this vote there was one change, for while no one who voted for 18 to 1, voted against 19 to 1, Allen (dem., Miss.) who did not vote at all on the former proposition, voted for 19 to 1.

Then came the 20 to 1 amendment which was in turn defeated, though it showed more strength—the vote standing: Yeas 121, nays, 222. No one who voted for 19 voted against 20 to 1, but there was a decided gain as the following named members who had opposed 19 to 1 voted for the 20 to 1 amendment: Messrs. Alderson (dem., W. Va.), Crain (dem., Tex.) Ellis (rep., Ore.), Hermann (rep., Pa.), Linton (rep., Mich.), Mallory (dem., Fla.), Meiklejohn (rep., Neb.), Moon (rep., Mich.), Oates (dem., Ala.), Paschal (dem., Tex.), Price (dem., La.), Tucker (dem., Va.), Turner (dem., Ga.), Weadock (dem., Mich.) White (rep., O.) and Marsh (rep., Ill.). The members who voted against 20 to 1 and not on 19 to 1 were Messrs. Kem (rep., O.) and Maguire (dem., Cal.)

The proposition to re-enact the Bland-Allison act as a proviso to the repeal bill received the strongest support, but even that was defeated by a majority of 77, the vote standing: Yeas 126, nays, 213.

The republicans voting for 20 to 1 and against the Bland Allison substitute were: Broderick (rep., Kan.), Crain (dem. Tex.), Curtis (rep., Kan.), Funston (rep., Kan.), Mallory (dem., Fla.) Marsh (rep., Ill.), Meiklejohn (rep., Neb.), Moon (rep., Mich.), Turner (dem., Ga.) and White (rep., O.).

Voting for 20 to 1 and did not vote on the Bland-Allison substitute, Newlands (pop., Nev.).

Voting for Bland-Allison act and against 20 to 1: Bretz (dem., Ind.) Brookshire (dem., Ind.), Bryan (dem., Neb.), Conn (dem., Ind.), Doolittle (dem., Wash.), Hare (dem., O.), Harris (pop., Kan.), Holman (dem., Ind.), Kem (pop., Neb.), Latimer (dem., S. C.), Maguire (dem., Cal.), McCreary (dem., Ky.), McKeighan (pop., Neb.) McLaurin (dem., S. C.). Post (rep., Ill.), Rich (dem., O.), Strait (dem., S. C.), Sweet (dem., Idaho), Talbert (dem., S.C.), Taylor (dem., Ind.).

Voting for the Bland-Allison act and not on 20 to 1: Baker (pop., Kan.), Boon (pop., Minn.), Davies (pop., Kan.), Hudson (pop., Kan.) and Simpson (pop., Kan.).

Then came the final vote which Mr. Bailey (dem., Tex.) endeavored to stave off for a short time by offering an amendment to repeal the parity clause of the Sherman act, in the hope that by so doing he could rally some of gold men to his support and thus weaken the friends of the unconditional repeal of the purchasing clause, but the speaker ruled that this was not in order pending the demand for the engrossment and third reading of the bill, and the bill was accordingly ordered to a third reading.

Then Mr. Baily raised the point that there should be a division of the question. One part of it repealed the purchasing clause and the other retained the parity clause. There should be a separate vote on each. But again the speaker pointed to the decisive order of the resolution under which the house was acting, and held that such separation could not be had. The vote was then taken upon the final passage of the Wilson bill and it was passed: Yeas, 240, nays, 110.

The members who stood by silver under the Bland-Allison act, but who finally voted for unconditional repeal, were: Alderson, Black, Bretz, Brookshire, Bunn, Conn, Donovan, Doolittle, Edmunds, Hare, Holman, Hunter, Lawson, Lester, Linton, Marshall, McCreary, McMillen, Meredith, Montgomery, Oates, O'Ferrell, Paschal, Painter, Pendleton, Post, Price, Richardson, Ritchie, Russell, Stone, Swanson, Taylor, Tucker, Turpin, Tyler, Weadock and Whiting.

There were ten uncompromising silver men who voted against even the Bland act and then against repeal. They were: Broderick, Cannon, Curtis, Hepburn, Loud, Mallory, Marsh, Meiklejohn, Smith and Taylor.

The antisilver men knew that they were playing a winning game from the start and the silver men were in the calm of despair and so when this overwhelming majority was shown for the Wilson bill its advocates did not indulge in enthusiastic cheers, but contented themselves with a single round of applause.

Mr. Catchings (dem., Miss.) gave notice that he would ask the house to consider the rules to-morrow and then, at 3:30, the house adjourned.

CATTLE PLAGUE DISAPPEARING.

The Anthrax Dying Out in Clay County—Rain Believed to Have Been the Remedy.

Information has been received by the state board of live stock commissioners that anthrax, the new live stock disease, is disappearing from Clay county. This gratifying fact is attributed to the result of rains in that county. The commonly accepted theory is that the disease germs are generated in dust, and the dust being blown upon the grass the disease is communicated to live stock which eat the grass. A heavy rain cleans the meadows and in that way tends to check the epidemic. Rain washes the disease germs into the streams, but that is said not to affect the fish therein, as only warm-blooded animals are subject to the strange malady. No goats so far have been found suffering from anthrax, and they seem to be exempt from it. The man in Clay county who caught the disease from inoculation is reported to be recovering.

Burial of Thos. J. Armstrong.

Thomas J. Armstrong, of Decatur, aged 56 years, who died of cholera morbus near Sadorus, Ill., Saturday evening, Aug. 26th, was a veteran of Co. E, 41st Illinois Infantry, and was a member of Dunham Post 141, G. A. R., this city. The funeral was held at the Presbyterian church at Tolono Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock, and was very largely attended. Rev. W. L. Bankson conducted the services and the burial was in charge of the Tolono G. A. R. Post. Lieut. James A. Wilson, of Co. E, 41st Regiment, was at the funeral. Andrew Armstrong, a brother of the deceased, resides at Little Rock, Ark. W. A. Armstrong, of the Macon *Leader*, is a nephew. The surviving children are Mrs. John Darmer, of Sadorus; B. F. and C. A. Armstrong, of Decatur; James Armstrong, of St. Louis; Nellie A. Armstrong, of Blue Mound, and Arthur Armstrong, aged 12 years, residing in Kansas City.

Death of Mrs. Hill.

The funeral of Mrs. Elizabeth Hill, who died Friday last at the home of her son east of Elwin, took place Sunday from the Shady Grove church. Mrs. Hill was aged 81 years, and was a native of Kentucky. She came to Illinois at the age of 13 years. She leaves two sons and three daughters: Joseph Hill, with whom she lived; Samuel Hill, of Missouri; Mrs. Maria Bishop of Litchfield, Mrs. Kate Evans of Carrollton, Mo., and Mrs. Mary Harris of Wilson county, Kan.

THE NEIGHBORING TOWNS.

ARGENTA NEWS.

Clinton Nixon and family of Weldon and two cousins from Ohio, also Mr. and Mrs. James Litzenberger, visited at George Meyer's on Sunday.

Rev. H. T. Athey preached his last sermon on Sunday previous to attending Conference.

Everett Lindley, who had his skull fractured by the kick of a horse, is recovering rapidly. Dr. E. D. Carr has charge of the case.

Mrs. Evaline Still has rented her home farm to her son, Charles Wilson, who will return in the spring from Iowa. Mrs. Still has purchased property at Riverside in Decatur, to which she will move.

Frank Wood, living on the Charles Wilson farm, will move to his father's farm north of Cerro Gordo.

Mr. S. M. Currier is repairing the room vacated by W. E. Hartman preparatory to its occupancy by the postoffice.

Frank Harman, the blacksmith, is now working for William West.

A tramp passed through Argenta to-day who wheeled a cart containing his luggage. Next, I suppose, they'll travel on bicycles.

Prof. J. N. Wilkinson of the Emporia, Normal School of Kansas returned home to-day after a visit to his old home.

Charlie Smith is with Otho Phillips in the telegraph office during Fleming's absence at Monticello.

H. C. Griffin shipped a car of hogs on Monday.

Henry Kuhns of Oreana made a short call here yesterday.

W. K. Coulter and family are visiting in Kansas.

Clint Nixon and family of DeWitt visited friends here last Saturday.

Joseph Higgins of Monticello paid us a short visit on Tuesday.

The Jeter-Brown stock of goods is rapidly closing out at special sale.

W. H. Wikoff has improved the appearance of his house by fresh paint.

Dr. C. N. Denison is removing the gravel from the bed of Friends Creek on his Dantown farm; he says there is enough material on the farm to make a mile of gravel road.

Aug. 30

DALTON CITY.

T. J. Freeland was in Decatur last week.

Dalton City will have a good turnout for the excursion to Indianapolis next week.

Deputy Sheriff Shockey, of this county, did legal business here last week.

A match game of ball between the Juveniles, of Bethany, and a home team was witnessed here last week.

C. W. Greenfield and family are attending the World's Fair this week.

Miss Dora Jones, C. A. Smith and Son, Charley, D. Doner and Owen Craig went to Ohio on the excursion last week.

J. N. Loving and wife visited Findlay Monday.

Andy McIntire and J. B. Scruggs are running a hack at the fair this week.

Miss Ada Semore, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Dr. Graves, returned to her home in Missouri Monday.

Aug. 30.

MR. FERRIS' first engineering work was a bridge at Henderson, Ky.

FINE CHINA.



We are offering now some of the HANDSOMEST LINES OF DINNER WARES ever received in Decatur at prices that cannot be equaled elsewhere.

A visit to our China Department will repay you.

OTTO E. CURTIS & BRO.,

Jewelers and Dealers in Fine China

Bradley Bros
DRY GOODS & MILLINERY
Decatur Ill.

NEW FALL Dress Goods.

We have opened and placed on sale our first importation of New Fall Goods. Ladies are invited to see the New Styles now on our counters whether they wish to buy or examine.

NOVELTIES IN

Silks, Satins, Crystals,
Velvets, Suitings,
Hop Sackings, Epingelines,
Velours, Ottomans, Reps,
Empress Cloths, Poplins,

AND THE LATEST NOVELTIES IN

DRESS TRIMMINGS.

Bradley Bros.

HEADQUARTERS FOR CARPETS AND CURTAINS.
CORNER WATER AND WILLIAM STS

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

WEEKLY REPUBLICAN.

ENTERED at the Postoffice at Decatur Illinois as second class mail matter

AN election in Illinois to day would result in a Republican majority of 100,000

THE number attending the World's Fair yesterday is estimated at between 300,000 and 400 000

ANOTHER good sign of returning confidence is the fact that J Sterling Morton's mouth has been closed

THE Democratic party will not really know where it is 'at' until Mr Tom Reed concludes his speech to morrow

THE free trader s mouth, when the free traders are in power, and the wheels of industry cannot both run at the same time in this country

THE Democratic congress will repeal the 10 per cent tax and open the way for wildcat currency, and the president will sign it Put this down as a guess

ANTHONY SCHOTTS of Highlands, a suburb of Denver, Colo became insane last Thursday, on learning that his pension of $8 a month had been cut off

A DRUNKEN crew caused the wrecking of two trains in Chicago yesterday, resulting in the injury of two men and the destruction of $10 000 worth of property

SENATOR HILL took occasion yesterday in his speech to say that he had sounded the alarm on the dangers of silver purchase long before Mr Cleveland and Mr Carlisle became so wonderfully interested in the subject

THERE was some contention yesterday in the United States senate between Peffer and Stewart as to which was entitled to the floor in the silver debate, and the whiskers got the floor and the wind lost it

THE national debt of France in 1860 was 12 181 21 001 francs It is now 30 497 000 000 francs or about $6 000 000 000 in our money These are facts which do not accord with the statements we have heard from our reformers

EVERY Republican both in and out of Congress should do all in his power to restore financial confidence at once so that the country may see the effect of the threat to rip up the American system of protection standing alone

ST LOUIS *Globe Democrat* The tariff uncertainty is the gravest phase of the whole matter If Cleveland should state squarely that the McKinley law is not to be interfered with the way to better times would be made plain and easy

THE Kansas Water and Light company of Lawrence, Kansas on account of some misunderstanding with the city has shut off the water supply of the city As Kansas shut off other drinks years ago the people of Lawrence will be dry indeed

WHEN one modern financial reformer holds up France as an example of what may be done with silver they never refer to that important factor in the affairs of France, namely, that its population is not increasing but on the contrary, is decreasing year by year

SURELY the Decatur *Review* will not insist that Gresham who is secretary of state is in full control of the pension office which is under Hoke Smith, secretary of the interior It has said so but it certainly does not mean that and will make the correction

IF you have foolishly withdrawn your deposit from any bank and are hiding it away don t stand around and talk about hard times until you have redeposited your money and thus put it into circulation, and done that much toward restoring confidence If it is only one hundred dollars it will help that much

THE Carnegie company a week ago reduced the salaries of its employes except the cheaper workmen and there was no strike no riot and no discussion as to vested rights in the concern or a fair division of profits Under Democratic rule the question is not one of high wages, but of getting work at all

ANARCHISTS and Socialists always seize upon labor troubles to foment dissatisfaction and discord with the view of winning desciples They are very busy now all over the country as they were fa t s they were at the Haymarket massacre that landed some of them on the gallows and others into the friendly hands of John P Altgeld

GOV PENNOYER'S proposition for commercial division between the east and the west is getting several black eyes from the governors of western states who have been asked to support the plan All such secession schemes are dangerous and unpatriotic and ought to be strangled at birth and cast into the pit of public contempt with the demagogues who are their progenitors

THERE have up to this time been a great many propositions to relieve the money stringency by act of Congress Considering the fact that there is more money in the country to day than there was when the bank troubles began, we are led to conclude that the best way to relieve the stringency is to put the money into circulation The only way to do this is for the people who have withdrawn their deposits from the banks and have thus withdrawn it from circulation, to redeposit it Until this is done the stringency will continue no matter what Congress may do

THOSE Democratic campaigners who are saying the idleness among workingmen that is now most deplorable is due to the McKinley tariff ought to urge their party to speedily enact their free trade tariff law and try the plan they have so long advocated of buying goods from abroad that our workmen were making before the late Democratic victory, and demonstrate to the country how it will benefit the American workingman

THE Voorhees and the Palmers and the long array of Democratic leaders who for years have been charging John Sherman and other Republican leaders with dishonesty in demonetizing silver in 1873 are now in power and yet they show no disposition to correct what they characterized for years a great wrong In fact all these people are opposed to free silver This is another evidence of Democratic inconsistency

THE most remarkable confession on the part of public men that they have been mistaken for 20 years is that of the Democrats in congress who have all these years been voting to flood the country with an irredeemable stump tail silver dollar and have suddenly concluded that that kind of money would be bad money Had they taken this turn ten years ago there would be no silver question It was the position of the Democrats in congress that brought this country to where it is on the silver problem

THE man who, in presence of present conditions which he helped to bring about by his false assumptions, asserts in public print or at a public meeting that the "rich man hates the poor man" and that "capital and labor are mortal enemies," is either a demagogue, an ignoramus or a socialist, or all three combined, and ought to be ostracised by every patriot and law abiding citizen Such men are dangerous in any American community to day

THE pension office has been running down another pension fraud A woman in Ohio applied for a pension, alleging that her husband, who had been a soldier had lost his life in a shipwreck on the South American coast The office discovered that an ex soldier of the same name was an inmate of a New England soldiers home The husband of the widow it was proven, had lost the thumb and little finger of his right hand, but it was found that the soldier in the home had lost the thumb and little finger of his left hand This stopped the investigation The case ought to have been prosecuted further to determine whether or not the fellow had by some means changed his hands.

THERE are now 130,000 000 ounces of silver bought under the act of 1890 and in payment of which silver treasury notes have been issued The seignorage or difference between the market value of this silver necessary to coin a dollar and the par value of the coined dollar is about $50 000,000 One of the propositions to relieve the stringency is to issue notes against this seignorage The next question after doing this would be to get it into circulation If it were put out and the hoarders should get it they would hoard it as our present currency is hoarded Let the people put their money back into the banks and the money stringency will be over That is the shortest cut and the only way to certain relief

IT seemed not to occur to Senator Voorhees that the people themselves have had a good deal to do with the present contraction of the circulating medium by withdrawing their money from the banks When the people begin putting their money in their stockings it must be a signal for the banks to call in their loans and refuse to make new ones If any part of the present stringency is chargeable to the banks it is that they contributed as Mr Cleveland and many other individuals did to create such a panic among the depositors as caused them to withdraw their deposits by their continuous talk that on account of the silver purchase law part of our money would be depreciated, instead of quietly bringing about the repeal of the law without creating so much alarm

THE treasurers of the Fall River cotton mills have decided that the only safe method by which they can resume business is to cut the wages of their employes 20 per cent This reduction it is expected will be made in all the mills in New England In face of the threat of the party that has succeeded to power and the recent declaration of Grover Cleveland that the tariff will be attacked as soon as the silver problem is disposed of, it is the only thing those people can do Of course the employes will not like this but the country has voted for a free trade and that means a lowering of wages all along the line or a continuation of the present suspension of business and starvation for American workingmen The Democratic campaigners of course promised the workingmen that high wages would rule themselves in case the Democrats were victorious but it happens these campaigners are not in the habit of hiring men or paying out wages and they are managing no one's business affairs Those people who needed experience in the ruin a free trade tariff works in an undeveloped country like this and refused to learn without it are having their first lesson and school will not be out until the people raise in their might as they did in 1860 and turn those who advocate free trade out of power

Who are the Superlative Sapheads?

The Democrats of Iowa who in previous conventions favored the free coinage of silver, met again in convention a few days ago and endorsed the acts of President Cleveland, the avowed enemy of silver and advocate of gold monometalism and, having done this, were afraid to reiterate their past platforms touching silver This convention, regardless of these facts which go to show the utter unreliability of that party on any question concerning the good of the people sat and cheered to the echo a speech delivered by a man by the name of Vollmer, whom they had elected chairman of the convention in which he charged the Republican party with all kinds of demagoguery One of his climaxes was as follows

One loses patience with these conscienceless demagogues and superlative sapheads, who with an air of measureless superiority, in one breath deploringly says 'I told you so,' and in the next try to poison the ear of an alarmed public against all honest efforts of the administration to prevent panic and allay distrust

If this orator and those who voted with him will bear themselves patiently time will determine who the superlative sapheads have been If those people who advocated the policy of buying goods abroad that we ought to produce for ourselves and those who voted for that system on their advice, are not satisfied that the threat to put that system into operation has had something to do with producing the idleness the soup houses and the riots that are now the disgrace of the country, let them wait until they are fully satisfied that they can recognize a saphead when they see him without danger of being mistaken

On the very day that the Iowa convention went into hysterical enthusiasm over this makeshift of a speech, intended to impress upon the followers of the Democratic party that all our present troubles are due to Republican legislation, representatives of ten of the largest woolen mills in Maine met at Bangor and resolved to shut down their mills These people said they were forced to adopt this course because they could not afford to continue working until the uncertainty as to the tariff legislation is removed, and that they prefer to stop their mills and keep what raw material they have on hand rather than go ahead and take chances on whatever may be done with the tariff

But this Mr Vollmer who is in favor of a tariff system to take the work away from the American workingman or force him down to European wages and European living, told his audience who may ultimately turn out to be the sapheads, that the silver law and the McKinley tariff act are the cause of all the present idleness and money stringency Possibly Mr Vollmer may know more about this than those men who have under the provisions of a protective tariff law invested their money in manufacturing enterprises but ordinary common sense would suggest that the individual whose money is at stake is as careful to find out the truth and tell it as a blatant demagogue who is trying to keep his party in line when men whom they promised better wages are crying for work or bread"

But Mr Vollmer s assumption and that of his Democratic co workers is, that the Democrats have not enacted any tariff laws, and consequently that the views of their party cannot possibly have had any effect on our manufactories These people would have us believe that a man who has his capital invested in manufactories will go along unconcernedly and unmindful of the threat to change the entire conditions under which he made his investment, which is as ridiculous as it would be to argue that a community threatened with any other calamity would sit down and fold their hands and make no preparations to meet it There may be sapheads who would do such foolish things but they are not found among men whose capital is in danger from legislation which will force them either to secure workmen at European wages to compete with the products of that labor and limit their output or force them out of business

An Unreliable Party

There are people who affect surprise that any one should even suspect that capital invested in industries should become disturbed over the return of the Democratic party to power under its present leaders The fact is that there is every reason why the change should create confusion, as no one can tell what may happen next

Beginning with the pensioner, who is depending on his pension to pay his rent or for any other specific purpose is unable to assure himself that his pension may not be cut off at any time without cause This disturbs him and his family and his landlord or his grocer

Take the case of the company that contracted with the government to pay it $55 000 annual rental to take seals on the islands of St George and St Paul in Bering Sea not to exceed 100 000 seals per annum but who after the contract was ... on account of the controversy which grew up between this nation and Great Britain were limited by the government in their catch in 1890 to 20 000 seals and subsequently to 7 500 seals and under the modus vivendi ... were permitted to kill only 7 500 seals in each of the two years Having so restricted the company the Harrison administration reduced the rental to a proportion with the reduction of the catch, which was simple justice but now comes the Democratic administration, under the assumption, probably, that a change of administration means a new government, and brings suit against this company for the full rental of $55,000 a year

John Roach, the shipbuilder, was ruined financially, and died as the result of it, by Grover Cleveland and his secretary of war during Cleveland's first term without the least shadow of cause as was afterwards proven

Mr Cleveland assured the manufacturers of Rhode Island in a public speech that in his opinion the Republicans in enacting the McKinley tariff had not done them justice, that the raw material they used ought to be free, and then turned around and accepted a nomination on a platform that declared the protection intended to foster American manufacturing industries and American labor unconstitutional

For fifteen years the party has taught the people that free silver coinage was the panacea for all financial ills including land poverty, and voted solidly in congress for it during that entire period, and made their last campaign on a free silver coinage declaration in their platform, and to day they are trying to explain that plank away and stop silver coinage

Several million dollars have been invested in tin plate plants in the country and the secretary of the treasury, under the instruction of the president, is conniving at their destruction and the financial ruin of those engaged in the business simply because the party they represent has opposed the tariff on tin plate

From any point of view the party is dangerous and unreliable, and it is no wonder that business is bewildered on account of its return to power No one can make a safe guess as to what it will do or undo. It don't know itself what it will do and no one else ought to be expected to know

$100 Reward, $100

The reader of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity, Catarrh being a constitutional disease requires a constitutional treatment Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work The proprietors have such faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure Send for list of testimonials Address,

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ANTHONY DREXEL BIDDLE, grandson of the late A J Drexel, who came into $1 000 000 under the will of the dead banker is a reporter on the Philadelphia *Ledger*

IF you can afford to be annoyed by sick headache and constipation, don't use DeWitt's Little Early Risers for these little pills will cure them W F Neisler

GEN N P BANKS is said to be in the enjoyment of excellent health this summer and is stronger than he has been for a long time He recently spent a week at the World's Fair

WOOD PUMPS, Chain Pumps, Iron Force Pumps, for sale at Spencer & Lehman's nov5 d&wtf

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THE principal speaker at a Smith family reunion down in Maine said that they were all proud of the name because the Smiths have held the most offices and kissed the most pretty girls

GEN NEAL DOW had what a Boston paper calls an almost rapturous reception at a temperance convention held appropriately, at a watering place near the Hub a few days ago

THE ESCURIAL

Gorgeous Tomb of All the Spanish Kings Since the Time of Charles the Fifth

On leaving the sacristy we descend into the royal tomb or Pantheon for such is the term given by the Catholic Spaniards to a Christian burial place This vault placed exactly beneath the high altar of the church is an octagon room thirty six feet in diameter and thirty eight feet high You descend into it by means of a staircase whose walls are lined with green and yellow polished jasper The walls of the Pantheon are of polished marble porphyry and jasper richly ornamented with gilt bronze capitals bases and angels the whole executed by Italian artists after the death of Philip II As an inscription informs us the founder of the Escurial built only a simple vault. Philip III began the present gorgeous structure in 1617 Philip IV completed it and moved in the royal bodies on March 17 1654 after Diego de Velasquez had with his own hands fixed in its place the bronze crucifix by Pedro Tacca which he had brought back from Italy The octagon walls contain twenty six niches or shelves on each of which is a gray marble sarcophagus or urn of classical shape On the left are the kings and on the right the mothers of kings from Charles V down to our own times In 1654 Philip IV opened the urn containing the remains of Charles V and after looking awhile at the mummified body he said laconically to Luis de Haro Don Luis cuerpo honrado To which the prime minister replied Si senor muy honrado Charles II also opened this august sarcophagus which was again opened by Ferdinand VII after the French invasion and once more in 1870 when the aspect of the mummy was carefully reproduced by a painter of Madrid and photographs of this picture now enable curious tourists to carry away with them an authentic portrait of the corpse of the great emperor whose features inspired so happily the brush of Titian and the chisel of the Leonis —Theodore Child in Harper's Magazine

—The miseries of the installment plan were exemplified the other day in Little Cecil Mich A young man gave his girl a costly Christmas present which he had secured on the installment plan He was unable to meet his weekly payments so the creditor called on the young lady and seized the Christmas gift A freezing coldness exists between her and her young man

—Photographer—Now Tommie, if you move the picture will be spoiled Tommie— Well, it's no use to try then 'cause the janitor said we'd get to get out of the flat to day —Inter Ocean

—Paving His Way —She— But what good would one little kiss do you? He— Oh it would establish a precedent —Truth

IGNORANCE of the merits of DeWitt s Little Early Risers is a misfortune These little pills regulate the liver, cure headache dyspepsia, bad breath constipation and biliousness W F Neisler

FIELDING the novelist, married a maid servant

DANTON was the most noted card player of his day

LITTLE vegetable health producers DeWitt s Little Early Risers cure malarious disorders and regulate the stomach and bowels which prevents headache and dizziness W F Neisler

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Jan 7 1884 wtf

A RELIABLE SPECIALIST.

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DR. D. D. REA,

Surgeon and Specialist

Who has created such a sensation all around Chicago, by curing diseases that almost baffled the medical fraternity of the country and by the request of many friends and patients he has decided to visit

DECATUR,

AT THE

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL,

THURSDAY, SEPT. 7.

Return Every Month to Remain a Day During the Year

Dr Rea has been connected with the largest hospitals in the country and has no superior in diagnosing and treating diseases and deformities He will give $50 for any case that he cannot tell the disease and where located in five minutes He will return to Decatur every month to remain one day

Treats all curable medical and surgical diseases Acute and Chronic Catarrh Diseases of the Eye and Nose Throat and Lungs Dyspepsia Bright's Disease Diabetes Kidney Liver, Bladder Chronic Female and Sexual Diseases

Epilepsy or Fits Cured.

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Suffering from Spermatorrhea and Impotency the result of self abuse in youth or excess in mature years and other causes, producing some of the following effects as emissions blotches, nervousness dizziness confusion of ideas aversion of society defective memory, and sexual exhaustion which unfit the victims for business or marriage are permanently cured by remedies not injurious

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Syphilis and complications as sore throat, falling of the hair pain in the bones eruptions, etc are perfectly eradicated without using mercury or other injurious drugs Gonorrhea gleet, strictures and all urinary and kidney troubles are speedily cured by treatment that has never failed He undertakes no incurable cases but cures thousands given up to die Remember the date and come early as his rooms are always crowded wherever he stops

Consultation Free.

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[illegible] well-known and successful Specialist, by [illegible] of many friends and patients has con[illegible] [illegible] visit

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From 8 a. m. to 10 p. m.



The Celebrated Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Specialist,

Who has performed more wonderful cures in diseases of a wasting, nervous and debilitating nature, the result of Self-Abuse, Overwork or Indulgence, [illegible] all other physicians combined, by his New Method Treatment.

Catarrhal Disorders Quickly Cured. New Method.

Married men and women, or those contemplating entering [illegible] that happy state aware of any weakness should give it prompt attention as nothing [illegible] interrupt so quickly conjugal [illegible] as weakness and incompatency.

[illegible] and Weakness.

[illegible] premature decline of the manly powers is [illegible] paid by the victim of improper [illegible], unfitting them for the important duty [illegible], rendering life and the pursuit of happiness a failure, causing more unfaithfulness [illegible], disease and discontent than all other vices combined, and to whom the [illegible] of warning have not come too late, [illegible] upon you the importance of an immediate cure before the time comes when you have nothing to look forward to except a life of wrecked hopes, seared [illegible], blighted career, bodily and mental suffering, and crushed by shame and bitter remorse.

Young Men, who through ignorance or the thoughtless exuberance of youthful spirits are subjects of self abuse and as a result their mind and manhood are ruined, vim, vigor and physical structure sapped by emissions, vital drain in urine, which is a terrible waste upon the system, impoverishing the blood, robbing the body of the precious elements of precious manhood, shaking the nervous system from center to periphery, attacking the very citadel of life, should wake up and take treatment and resolve to be a man before disease, idiocy, insanity, falling fits, or total impotency result which would forever prevent your own interference in your future welfare and make a cure unattainable.

Private Blood and Skin Diseases positively [illegible] quickly and permanently cured.

Nervous Debility and Sexual Disorders yield readily to his treatment.

A COLD WAVE.

Studying the Daily Weather Charts of the United States.

A great deal of instructive entertainment can be derived from a study of the daily weather maps, even by those who know little of the science of meteorology. It is only necessary to know how to interpret the symbols used upon the maps—in itself a very simple matter—in order to have spread before you a picture of the atmospheric ocean covering the United States, with its great, ever-changing currents, its areas of storm and fair weather, and its so-called warm and cold waves.

By simply following the shifting lines and symbols from day to day, one can trace the course and conduct of a storm as it moves from the Rocky mountains to the Atlantic ocean. It only requires a little exercise of the imagination to see the earth spread out far below, and the winds and clouds advancing and wheeling their airy battalions underneath the observer's eyes.

A very interesting study of this kind was furnished by the first cold wave of the autumn of 1891, which entered the United States on the 15th of November, and crossing all of the states east of the Rocky mountains, disappeared on the night of the 18th or the morning of the 19th, leaving the whole country refreshed and invigorated by its passage.

Following on the heels of a warm rain storm the cold wave came down out of British America, and in one day spread from Dakota to Texas.

The next day it occupied the whole valley of the Mississippi, and the next advanced to the Atlantic setting everybody shivering along the coast from Jacksonville to New York.

On Wednesday, November 18, its southern extension covered more than half of the peninsula of Florida, while its northern end enveloped Quebec. Already a great "wave" of warmer air was chasing after it, and by Thursday morning it had disappeared from the map as suddenly as it had made its entry on the Sunday before.

It is the persistence of such "waves," and of the areas of storm and sunshine that precede, or follow, or accompany them, in moving always in a general way toward the east, that makes weather prediction possible. The rotation of the earth on its axis, giving direction to the air currents set in motion by the heat of the sun, is the underlying cause of the eastward motion of the storms and air waves of our latitudes.—Youth's Companion.

—"If you please, 'm, are you at 'ome to Mrs. Johnson, as 'as just rang the bell?" Mistress—"Only if she's wearing anything new; if so, show her in."—Funny Folks.

Buggies, Buggies, Buggies.

When you want a Buggy, Surrey or Phæton come and look through our stock. We have some of the best buggies made and our prices are the lowest.

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HATS OF THE NEWEST SHAPES—all grades.

OUR OWN MAKE OF NEGLIGEE SHIRTS, Laundried or Unlaundried, will be the "proper caper."

TRUNKS—Styles that cannot be found elsewhere.
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YOU CAN SAVE MONEY by buying of us, as we will sell these lines of goods 25 PER CENT. CHEAPER than they can be bought in Chicago.

A Lot of Hats at HALF PRICE.

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129--135 North Water Street.

THE COUNTY CONVENTION.

Sabbath School Workers in Session at Oreana—The Proceedings.

The 26th annual convention of Macon county Sunday schools opened very favorably Thursday morning at 10 o'clock in the Baptist church at Oreana.

The session began by singing "Toiling On," a large choir leading, under the direction of J. H. Sleeter of Boody. The organists of the convention are Misses Nora Anderson, Mame Strope, Clara Turpin and Cora Bullock.

Prayer was offered by W. B. Rundle of Clinton.

President Gorin read a part of the 14th chapter of Luke as a scripture lesson.

Singing by the convention was followed with prayer by Rev. W. H. Ilsley of Macon.

The first topic on the program, "A Great Supper," was opened by E. H. Jeffres of Decatur, in a short but good speech. Mrs. J. E. King of Decatur followed with some pointed remarks about her experience. Rev. Ilsley also spoke a few moments.

After singing "Stand Up for Jesus," the second topic, "And Bade Many," was opened by W. B. Rundle of Clinton, president of the 12th district. His theme was the preparation for the bidding. No one can teach without study. He was anxious that the Sunday school workers should make deep preparation for bringing the children into the fold.

The convention then sang "Send the Light."

On the second topic, Mrs. A. W. Conklin, J. H. Sleeter, the secretary of the convention, S. S. Hopkins, W. H. Ilsley, Mrs. E. J. Strader and J. E. Braden made remarks.

After singing, "Tell It Out," discussion was resumed by A. F. Hopkins, of Elwin.

At the close of the discussion the convention sang, "Glory to His Name."

The first session then closed with the benediction by Rev. W. H. Ilsley.

Decatur people at the opening were E. H. Jeffres, W. A. Holman, Mrs. A. W. Conklin, Mrs. J. E. King, Mrs. J. M. Crary, Mrs. E. J. Strader, Miss Anna Henkle, Miss Ella Clothier, Miss Gertie Wayne, Mrs. George Stare, Mr. and Mrs. Johnson and Frank Johnson.

There were 150 people at the opening of the convention.

The people of Oreana are taking care of the delegates in fine shape.

Blue Mound, Friends Creek, Wheatland, Mt. Zion, Hickory, Oakley and Niantic townships are represented so far.

Bro. Gorin and myself are domiciled with H. B. Kuhns and family.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

At 2 o'clock devotional exercises for fifteen minutes were conducted by the secretary of the convention.

Opened with prayer by S. S. Hopkins.

Before proceeding with the business of the convention the president named the following committees:

On Resolutions—Rev W. H. Ilsley, E. H. Jeffres, A. F. Hopkins.

On Nominations—H. C. Bower, C. T. Wells, S. S. Hopkins.

On Place of Next Convention—W. A. Holman, J. H. Sleeter, J. E. Braden.

In the absence of Rev. D. O. Giffin, W. B. Rundle opened the first topic of the session, "And sent his servant at supper time to say to them that were bidden, come." He made a good address, and was followed by Mrs. J. M. Crary.

After singing "We Are Coming," T. H Barr, of Maroa, opened discussion on the subject, "For all things are now ready." For an impromptu speech Mr. Barr made an excellent one. He spoke of the preparation that had been going on for the last 6,000 years; of the thorough organization in this state and the county of Macon in the Sunday School work. Also of the great privilege of bearing a part in the great work. Mrs. Milton Johnson offered some remarks on the subject; also W. B. Rundle and E. H. Jeffres.

Mrs. A. W. Conklin, of Decatur, here favored the convention with a solo, "Throw Out the Life Line," with Miss Anna Henkle as organist. The audience joined in the chorus.

After another song Mrs J. M. Crary read a very excellent paper on the subject, "And they all with one consent began to make excuse."

The convention sung "Standing Idle," after which C. T. Wells, of Elwin, opened a discussion on the first excuse "I have bought a piece of ground and must needs go and see it." James Campbell followed with some excellent remarks.

After another song "Why stand ye here idle" Rev. W. H. Ilsley opened discussion of the second excuse "I have bought five yoke of oxen; I go to prove them." In his remarks he said that when a man was called to the farm, or to merchandise, he believed he was called as much as he himself was called to the ministry. But when a man gives himself up absolutely to one thing in life it is a detriment to him. He said we talk to much about Sunday school "children," and not enough about Sunday school "scholars." If it is important that the child should attend the Sunday school, it is necessary for the parent to attend. Mr. Ilsley included the next topic in his remarks; "I have married a wife, and therefore I cannot come." The same rule applies to all of the excuses—it is lack of interest in spiritual things, and [illegible] in temporal things.

Rev W. L. Bankson having entered the convention, occupied the time assigned to him on the second excuse; "I have bought five yoke of oxen; I go to prove them."

He said that men were always the same in all ages; they have thought a good deal of cattle and lands, and they thought something of their wives, too. He thought five yoke of oxen a very small thing to turn a man away from the blessings of salvation. He said: "Seek ye first the kingdom of God and his righteousness, and all these things shall be added unto you." The widow who threw her mite into the treasury did more than the rich who gave of their abundance and had an abundance left. He made a good speech.

The convention joined in singing "Up and Away" and "The Christian Battle Cry," and the afternoon session closed with the benediction by Rev. W. F. Gibson of Maroa.

EVENING SESSION.

At 7 p. m. devotional exercises were conducted for thirty minutes by Rev. M. Auer.

At 7:30 Rev. W. F. Gibson began an exposition of the Sunday lesson for August 27—Acts 26: 19-23. The first thought he would emphasize would be obedience; the second, repentance—abhorence of sin. A man's life will evince a true repentance. The Jews hated Paul for preaching repentance to the Gentiles. Third, Paul recognized the providence of God—through His providence he was delivered at the time. Fourth, the suffering and the resurrection of Christ. Unless there is something in the christian differing from the natural man, he is not a christian. Mr. Gibson occupied thirty minutes very profitably to the convention.

A quartette then favored the convention with a song, well executed.

Rev. Ilsley then gave an outline of the S. S. lesson as he would teach it:

1. Paul's summary of his own work.
2. Its effect upon Festus.
3. An appeal to Agrippa.
4. Effect upon Agrippa.
5. Rejection by Agrippa.
6. Contrast between the effects of the appeal on Festus and Agrippa.

The church edifice was crowded at the evening session.

The session closed with singing by the quartette, "Great Is the Lord," and benediction by Rev. W. L. Bankson.

FRIDAY-MORNING SESSION.

At 8 a. m.—Conference of township officers.

The points brought out were these: Those people who want certain topics considered at the county convention should notify the executive committee before the program is made out. W. J. Black said there was lack of zeal; E. H. Jeffres said a good superintendent made a good school, likewise a good wife makes a good housekeeper; but the trouble was you could not change wives, but could change superintendents; J. H. Sleeter spoke of his difficulties as a vice-president in selecting literature for the schools, especially union schools. Mrs. J. M. Crary spoke of the work in Harristown; N. J. Black said his township had a union school, but by adjourning for awhile and then reorganizing again on a squarer basis, it was no trouble to select the right literature: A. F. Hopkins had had experience in the same line, and he did not believe in adjourning but in holding on; A. H. Mills said that if any teacher in his school could do better work with Methodist, C. P., U. B. or any other than Presbyterian literature, he would give it to him—if we teach Jesus Christ and Him crucified, these minor things will lessen before us; H. C. Bower, Mrs. R. M. Machan and W. B. Rundle also offered some suggestions.

At 8:45 o'clock A. F. Hopkins conducted devotional exercises for fifteen minutes, in which delegates quoted passage after passage of scripture, and he closed this part of the service with a short prayer.

"Go out quickly into the streets and lanes" was the subject of Judge Nelson's twenty-minutes address. Mr. Nelson always makes a good speech and he did so at this time.

W. A. Holman of Decatur made a practical talk on his subject, "And bring in hither the poor, the maimed and the blind. His position had brought to him many incidents as illustrations of practical things in this life and he took advantage of this occasion. He said the poor do not have to be compelled to come to a feast; but how about getting them into the Sunday school? A good many more children would be in the Sunday school if more practical work was done for them in the way of fitting them temporally.

Rev. M. Auer talked on the next topic: "And the Lord said unto the servant, Go out into the highways and hedges." He said a change was now made necessary. The people were invited, they could wait, but the feast could not. Go after men; compel them to come in. He spoke of various ways to compel men to come to the gospel feast. He made a good address.

"And compel them to come in that my house may be filled," was A. H. Mills' subject. He had provided himself with a quantity of all sizes and shapes of nails and a number of magnets. The nails he used to represent the size of people—whether very young, in boyhood, manhood and the senior in years. The magnets represented Christ or the drawing power of the gospel. This interested the children and enlisted the attention of all older people. It was something to be seen, and Mr. Mills' remarks were very fitting and wakened in the hearts of all a desire to be a magnet for the benefit of humankind. The responsibility of the individual was thrust home with a keenness that could not miss its mark. Mr. Mills made an excellent address probably the best he has ever made before a Sunday school convention.

Following this, Mrs. H. C. Bower conducted the children's service, which occupied about twenty minutes. The children are good singers. Mrs. Bower drilled them on what they had learned during the session of the convention, and while they remembered pretty well what had been said and done, they were a little timid about speaking it out in meeting. Probably they thought this was a grown folks' meeting.

Brief reports from township officers in writing.

1. Number of schools in township.
2. Number kept open entire year.
3. Number visited by township officer.
4. Present condition of the work.
5. Number of conventions held.
6. Any other items of interest.

The secretary's report showed 78 schools in the county; number reporting 74; number of officers and teachers 1085; Number of scholars, 6455.

After the reports, W. B. Rundle read an excellent report of the Illinois State Sunday school convention held in Quincy in May last. He also spoke of the International S. S. building at Chicago. Mrs. E. J. Strader also made some remarks about the state convention.

After singing "We Are Coming," the Macon Co. S. S. Field Day was reported by E. H. Jeffres.

"Praise God From Whom all Blessings Flow" was sung and the session closed with the benediction by Rev. M. Auer.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

At 1:45, Rev. W. F. Gibson conducted a praise service for fifteen minutes.

"The Master is Come," was the subject of a very forcible and admirable address by Rev. M. Auer.

A song, "Call to the Work" was sung.

"And Calleth for Thee" was the subject of a very nice address by Mrs. J. E. Braden. She filled the place of another speaker and did it well.

Mrs. A. W. Conklin then favored the convention with another song, "Sitting at the Feet of Jesus."

Who?—Parents—A. H. Mills.
Pastors—Rev. W. F. Gibson.
Superintendents—E. H. Jeffres.
Teachers—N. J. Black.
Scholars and You—A. F. Hopkins.

"Far and Near" was then sung by the convention, when the committe on resolutions reported as follows:

RESOLUTIONS.

Resolved, 1. We urge our churches to make an effort during the coming year to enlist the entire church membership of Macon county in some department of Sabbath school work.

2. This convention would express its heartfelt thanks, giving to God for the triumph of christian sentiment, in the resolution of the national directory to close the gates of the World's Fair on the Sabbath day. And whereas, many of us have hitherto felt it to be our duty to withhold our sympathy and support, we now believe it to be the privilege and duty of the christian people of the country to do what they can to make the present World's Fair the grandest success the world has seen of like nature.

3. That we look with approval upon the advance which the Sabbath schools of the world have made in the department of temperance and missionary instruction. We believe it to be the duty of the church to lay foundations of temperance instruction and missionary information broad and deep in the minds of the young.

4. That we tender to the good people of Oreana and vicinity our most heartfelt thanks for their liberal hospitality extended to the delegates of this convention, and for the freedom of these homes which we have enjoyed; and we would pray the blessing of Him who promised to reward the giving of a cup of cold water in His name to rest upon them and their households.

The resolutions were all adopted, the last one by a rising vote.

The committee on nominations reported two opposing candidates for each office and for members of the executive committee. The following officers were elected:

President—J. R. Gorin.
Vice President—A. F. Hopkins.
Treasurer—Milton Johnson.
Secretary—Geo. T. Tucker.
Executive Committee—Mrs. Effie R. Kennedy, Mrs. J. M. Crary, Mrs. H. C. Bower, Miss Hattie Brown.

On motion, A. H. Mills and J. H. Sleeter were also added to the executive committee.

Township Vice Presidents—Austin, G. Johnston; Blue Mound, J. H. Sleeter; Harristown, ——; Hickory, Miss Mattie Gulick; Maroa, T. H. Barr; Milam, —— Atkinson; Macon, ——; Niantic, R. Herrod; Long Creek, J. E. Wheeler; Oakley, Z. T. Blaine; Mt. Zion, John Joyce; Illini, E. J. Roberts; Pleasant View, A. P. Hill; Friends Creek, Mrs. R. M. Machan; Whitmore, H. C. Bower; Decatur, E. H. Jeffres.

The committee on place of next convention reported Austin township at the M. E. church. Report accepted and adopted.

Following reports of committees there were various short speeches on the success of the convention. All had had a very enjoyable time. The convention sang "God be with you till we meet again," and A. F. Hopkins closed the last session with prayer.

Gravel Road Contracts.

From Saturday's Daily.

The Commissioners of Highways of Decatur township held a business meeting yesterday afternoon at the office of Hardin Wallace, the town clerk. Contracts for extending the gravel roads on Cantrell street 1½ miles; West Main street a mile, and the Rea Bridge road, half a mile. Bert Brundige got the Rea Bridge road contract at 60 cents a yard, and William Bundy took the other two roads at 37 cents a yard.

LOCATION OF THE FAIR.

The State Board of Agriculture Takes Action Looking to the Choice of a Site.

Bloomington Pantagraph.

The Illinois state board of agriculture held a meeting in the rooms of the Illinois board of World's Fair commissioners at Chicago. The meeting is of more than ordinary interest when one remembers that in the state board of agriculture there still remains the power of permanently locating the state fair. At the meeting the board decided to require as a consideration for permanent location, 100 acres of ground, together with an advance of $50,000, which is to be expended for the erection of buildings under the direction of the state board and exclusively for state fair purposes. They require also that the grounds shall be furnished with water from a good water works plant, and also that the grounds shall be provided with electric lights. The state board has at present only a small amount of cash on hand when everything is considered, the amount not being over $20,000 or $25,000. After the buildings are all up the intention is to go before the legislature and ask that body to reimburse the people who have invested their money in buildings for the amount thus invested. This would only be the right thing in view of the large expenditure which would be necessary for the purpose of purchasing land in quantity sufficient. The plan will no doubt be taken under consideration by the various towns which have interested themselves in the question of permanent location. It is unlikely, however, in the present condition of things, that anything will be done in an earnest fashion before spring.

GIVEN NOTICE TO QUIT.

The Old Pension Examining Board Will Retire Thursday, August 31st.

From Saturday's Daily

This morning Drs. Spalding, Waldbridge and McConnell, members of the Decatur Pension Examining Board, got formal notice from Commissioner Lochren to turn over all government property to the Democratic board Thursday, August 31st.

The old board will have one more day on which to examine applicants for pensions as to their disability. The day will be Wednesday, August 30th.

On Thursday Drs. Farmer, Myers and McLean will assume control and pass on the disabilities of applicants.

Want More Time

From Saturday's Daily

Messrs. P. H. Hunt and D. W. Brenneman of Decatur were in Tuscola Tuesday, and consulted with Mayor Wallace and a number of the aldermen in regard to their contract to do the paving. The time for finishing the work is Sept. 1st, and they want the time extended to July 1st, 1894, claiming that they have not the money to carry out the work, nor can the brick be obtained. They were informed that the matter would be discussed at the next meeting of the council, when it would be decided as to whether further time would be given, or the contract let to other parties, and finished this fall.—*Tuscola Review.*

The Last Straw

From Friday's Daily.

It was a good-natured crowd that was in the same car with the newly married couple, going to the Union depot last evening, and it took little notice of their cuddlings and caressings. Most of them were apparently married people who had been there themselves, and were therefore charitably inclined. The turtle doves, however, became so interested in their billing and cooing that they quite forgot the presence of others, and in a short time a climax was reached which led them to sit with a foot of space between them until their destination was reached. Lightly leaning her head upon his shoulder and looking up at him out of the depths of a pair of big blue eyes she asked: "Who's sweet?" A hush fell upon the car as she listened for his answer. Bending down until his moustache almost touched her brow, he said: "Bofe of us." Then the crowd laughed and the car shook so it almost left the rails.

Sales of Real Estate.

M. F. Kanan to Minnie J. Hostetler, lots 10 and 11, block 2, M. F. Kanan's addition to Decatur—$600.

Frank R. Shull to Hardin C. Wallace, deed to lot 6, block 6, Montgomery & Shull's Second addition—$1450.

Samuel C. Allen to Josiah M. Clokey, quit claim to tract of land east of the city—$1.00.

Laura B. Gilbert to L. Medora Mitchell, deed to north half of lot 7, block 3, Durfee & King's addition—$3,000.

John M. Cox to Wm. Tolbert, deed to lots 1 and 2, block 4, Railroad addition to Maroa—$750.

Ann H. Shelley to Jacob F. Goodman, deed to lot 9, block 1, North Side Park addition to Decatur—$600.

John D. and J. R. Grady to J. M. Cox, deed to lot in Maroa—$400.

Albert G. Webber to Fred, John and Edward Mattes, lots 13 and 14, Webber's addition of out-lots—$825.

Sarah G. Wright to Frank W. Caldwell, lot 7 in block 6 in Higgins' addition to Decatur; $1,000.

F. H. Bushway to George B. Spitler, deed to 100 feet off the north end of lot 2, block 2, Smith's addition—$300.

John Gordy to Jesse Morrow, deed to lot 4, block 31, Stephens addition—$1,250.

Lula M. Cunningham to Adelia Bishop, deed to lot in block 2, S. K. Thompson's 2d addition—$100.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE WORST IN YEARS.

Further Particulars of the Great Hurricane

WHICH SWEPT THE SOUTH AND EAST

Sunday and Monday Leaving Death and Destruction in Its Wake—Scenes of Desolation in many Places—A Date of Reckoning

The Great Hurricane of 1893

WASHINGTON, Aug 30 —The great hurricane that has been a chief matter so terrible that it may pass into history as a date of reckoning just as some of the old people in Ireland still reckon from the great wind of 1839."

The hurricane had been expected by the weather bureau since last Friday morning. In its map issued in the forenoon it said that the storm center or rather the calm around which the storm proper is whirling was located at a point on the Atlantic ocean 200 or 300 miles east of Nassau, Bahamas, and 100 miles or so north of Hayti. This point was marked and the bureau weather bulletin contained the statement that there are indications of a storm center about 400 miles east of Florida moving towards the North west.

The predictions of the bureau expected trouble from that time on. This is the season of trade winds and the least disturbance means bad weather. Friday evening at 8 o'clock the weather bulletin stated that a heavy swell in the South Atlantic coast has been reported.

Saturday morning a report came from Nassau that the hurricane was passing over that place. At the same time the bureau was enabled to tell the location of the storm. Prof. Abbe, who has charge of the weather predictions in speaking of the matter yesterday, said: "By the moist air from the west and the breezes from the east we knew Saturday morning that this storm would come landward.

Usually West Indian hurricanes shy off from the coast toward the ocean depending on the [illegible]

Sunday morning the weather bureau located the great storm off the coast of Florida 200 miles southwest of Savannah and the prediction was made: "The hurricane will move northwest, striking the coast of Georgia Sunday evening or night and passing inward, breaking up into general rains Sunday."

As nearly as we can gather from the reports that have been published concerning damage in Georgia and East Atlantic yesterday morning this last prediction was correct. The hurricane center must have gone over Savannah between 8 and 10 o'clock Sunday night. Heavy northwest winds were in sympathy with the hurricane and helped hold it. Northeast winds did heavy damage before the hurricane arrived. Charleston must have suffered as much as Savannah. The heavy sea was caused by the northeast wind and after the center had passed over heavy southwest and northwest winds must have come in. I think the hurricane covered only 300 miles in radius on Sunday when it was strongest, and within that radius the west and south part had clear weather while the north and east parts were cloudy and rainy. Augusta, Ga, had three hours of rain Sunday and this shows that the storm center was passing over that place Sunday night and Monday morning. The last definite information now received last night was that the hurricane was approaching Lynchburg, Va.

A Scene of Desolation at Charleston, S C

RICHMOND, Va, Aug 30 —Passenger No 78 of the Atlantic Coast line with Pullman sleepers attached reached here last evening at 6 o'clock from Charleston S C having been delayed twenty four hours by the destructive storm which swept over the south Atlantic coast Sunday and Monday. Mr. [illegible] of the Southern Express messenger who was at Charleston during the storm, gives this story: The battle of the wind reached terrific force at 1 o'clock in the morning and continued without cessation until Monday at [illegible] o'clock. There was not fifty yards space in the streets that did not contain debris such as roofs of houses, signs, awnings, telegraph poles, etc., which were scattered in all directions. The roof of the St. Charles hotel was blown off and five stories were flooded with water almost to its doors.

He saw fourteen box cars that had been blown from the railroad track and turned over. All the phosphate works in the city were blown down or badly damaged. There was a schooner lying high in the streets having been driven in from its anchorage.

There was no communication with Savannah, all the telegraph lines having been prostrated. While he saw no one killed, rumor had it was currently reported that eight persons had been killed in the city. It was also rumored that there had been great loss of life on Sullivan's island placing the number in the hundreds, but inasmuch as all communication was cut off of course there was no means of verifying the report. For many miles along the line of the Atlantic coast line road leading out of Charleston telegraph poles were nearly all blown down and the storm was one of the most serious and destructive ever experienced in that section.

Monday Night's Storm

WASHINGTON, Aug 30—The storm which had been forecasted by the weather bureau since Friday last reached this section Monday night. It did immense damage to the shade trees of Washington, tearing them up by the roots or dismembering them in every direction. The electric light and telephone service in Alexandria and Georgetown were crippled and in both these suburbs as well as in this city proper great uneasiness was felt by the police and fire departments.

Telegraph communication with the west was entirely broken off about 7:30 p. m. and with the east shortly before midnight. In the early morning partial telegraphic communication was reopened east as far as Baltimore but then stopped and as far south as Lynchburg, Va.

Intense anxiety was manifested for news of the havoc of the tornado at Savannah and other points south, but up to 11 p. m. nothing had been heard to supplement the meagre and alarming dispatches which told of millions of dollars of damage and the loss of two score lives at Savannah and great damage and loss of life at other points in that section.

Effects of the Storm in Pennsylvania

LANCASTER, Pa, Aug 30—Monday night's storm did great damage throughout the state, many trees were blown down and much fruit ruined. Corn was mostly down from the storm of a week ago. Country people driving to this city yesterday morning were compelled to carry axes with them to cut their way through the fallen trees.

A Hundred Houses Wrecked at Kernersville, N C

KERNERSVILLE, N C, Aug 30—A terrific cyclone struck here at 1 o'clock yesterday morning. A hundred houses were wrecked and a woman was killed. Many were injured. The Baptist brick church was razed to the ground. Factories, stores and residences were unroofed and some were blown entirely away.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

—Yesterday was Potters' day at the World's fair.

—Thirteen houses in course of construction in Brooklyn were [illegible] by wind yesterday morning.

—The tenth annual convention of the Catholic [illegible] of Illinois is [illegible] in Chicago yesterday.

—The French troops at Chantabon, Siam, are making intrenchments and throwing up earthworks.

—Morris's sterling play "[illegible]" has been well received in the east [illegible] in sending it [illegible].

—[illegible] to [illegible] Sandow, the man of herculean strength, are [illegible] in [illegible].

—The Bank of New England at Minneapolis, Minn, which suspended about a month ago will resume business Saturday.

—The City Bank of Waupaca, Wis, reopened its doors for business yesterday after suspension of less than a month.

—Rumors in theatrical circles have it that Lillian Russell is soon to marry Eugene Sandow, the strongest man in the world.

—It was reported yesterday that Charleston S C, which was directly in the path of Sunday night's tornado, was under water.

—The spiritualists in conference at [illegible], Mo., have organized an association with $100,000 capital to found a spiritualist college.

—It was reported in New York yesterday that the cup defender Vigilant had gone ashore in Long Island sound near New Rochelle.

—The German national bank of Denver, Col, and the First national bank of Canon City, which closed during the recent panic, have resumed business.

—Howard M Holden was yesterday appointed assignee of the Kansas City State Deposit and Savings bank by Judge Glover. His bond was fixed at $500,000.

—Kernersville, N C, was struck by the cyclone. Four people were killed and 100 houses blown down. There was frightful destruction and loss of life further south.

—Fire started at Rockaway Beach at 2 a. m. yesterday and destroyed the railroad station, [illegible]'s hotel and the seaside house. Several persons were painfully burned.

—A terribly destructive storm swept over Erie, Pa, Monday night. The damage to the fruit crop cannot be estimated and thousands of acres of grapes were wrecked.

—The official vote on the passage of the Wilson repeal bill shows Boatner (dem La) and Capehart (dem W Va) not voting. This makes the total vote: Yeas 239, nays 109.

—Of the 100 state banks of Kansas which have reported to State Bank Commissioner Breidenthal in regard to [illegible] New York [illegible] owes New York [illegible] a dollar.

—Two acres of buildings in the business center of Delavan, Wis, were destroyed by fire Monday night. Yesterday morning the town was without a hotel, a livery stable or a post office.

—The German national bank is the third of the closed banks in Denver, Col, to resume business. This leaves two suspended national banks there and these will soon resume.

—Four whitecaps armed with rope, hickory withes and guns visited a bachelor named [illegible] living near [illegible], Minn, Sunday night. The four [illegible] three pairs of legs.

—[illegible] San Sebastian, Spain, was [illegible] night [illegible] orchestra [illegible] Basque [illegible] The troops [illegible] many civilians. The streets [illegible] the military all night.

—State Labor Commissioner Breidenthal, of Colorado, estimates from returns received from [illegible] that there are 30,000 unemployed men in Colorado as the direct result of the recent closing of the mines.

—Discovery is made by the Army police of Chicago to prove that Homer Darling, who was found dying under the Twelfth street viaduct early Sunday morning was shot by a highwayman. He died an hour after being carried to the hospital.

—The heaviest rain storm accompanied by a high wind known in Buffalo, N Y, since 1871 occurred Monday night. Considerable damage was done. The storm was general all through New York state and like damage is reported from Rochester and other points east.

—Monday afternoon a well dressed stranger walked into the Cincinnati Builders' exchange when the place was crowded and Secretary Hunter and other officials were busy and slipping out with the safe's tin box containing $1,700 in dollar bills and escaped.

—Twelve of the twenty two convicts engaged in the [illegible] adjoining the town of [illegible] mark, N D, and about two miles from the [illegible] broke away from the guards Monday evening and ran in different directions. Only six have been recaptured. Hundreds of armed men have surrounded the timber and it is believed the others will be retaken.

—Thomas S Sherrell, traveling passenger agent of the Northern Pacific railroad, was found in an unconscious condition [illegible] Park, St Louis, at 7 a. m. yesterday and taken to the dispensary where it was announced that he was suffering from morphine [illegible] was removed to the city hospital where he died soon after.

Wholesale Poisoning

MOSCOW, Aug 30—More than 100 persons at Shelesnovodsk, a summer resort in the Caucasus, have been poisoned by kumiss. The rest of the summer visitors have left in a panic, but a few persons still to be [illegible] now at the hotel are deserted.

Appointed Chinese Inspector

WASHINGTON, Aug 30—William L. Boyce has been appointed Chinese inspector at San Francisco.

RETURNING PROSPERITY.

Banks Which Have Suspended and Resumed

WASHINGTON, Aug 30—Comptroller Eckels has prepared the following statement of banks which temporarily suspended during the late stringency and have since resumed business:

Black Hills national bank Rapid City S D, capital stock	$ 25 000
Cate City national bank Augusta Ga	250 000
Capital national bank Indianapolis Ind	300 000
Washington national bank Spokane Falls Wash	250 000
First national bank Palouse City Wash	75 000
Southern California national bank Los Angeles Cal	200 000
First national bank Los Angeles Cal	200 000
First national bank San Diego Cal	0 000
First national bank Santa Ana Cal	150 000
First national bank Kendallville Ind	50 000
First national bank San Bernardino Cal	100 000
Second national bank Ashland Ky	0,000
First national bank Rico Col	50 000
National Bank of Commerce Provo City Utah	50 000
First national bank Cisco Tex	50 000
American national bank Leadville Col	100 000
Central national bank Pueblo Col	50 000
Missouri national bank Kansas City Mo	250 000
First national bank Fort Scott Kan	300 000
Union national bank Denver Col	1 000 000
National Bank of Commerce Denver Col	500 000
Hutchinson national bank Hutchinson Kan	100 000
Peoples national bank Denver Col	300 000
First national bank Anthony Kan	50 000
Greeley national bank Greeley Col	50 000
Farmers national bank Henrietta Tex	50 000
State national bank Vernon Tex	100 000
Fourth national bank Louisville Ky	100 000
First national bank The Dalles Or	50 000
Waupaca county national bank Waupaca Wis	50 000
Waxahachie national bank Waxahachie Tex	100 000
Citizens national bank Attica Ind	50 000
First national bank San Marcos Tex	80 000
First national bank Lockhart Tex	50 000
Total capital stock	$6 030 000

Since January 1 last 154 national banks have suspended. Of this number one has gone into voluntary liquidation, fifty seven have been placed in the hands of receivers, sixty two are in the hands of bank examiners with excellent prospects of early resumption, in addition to the thirty four above named which have already resumed business.

THE CHEROKEE OPENING

All Things Will be in Readiness When the Day Arrives

WASHINGTON, Aug 30—Reports from officials in the Cherokee outlet indicate that work preliminary to the opening is progressing very satisfactorily. The land office buildings are now in course of erection and all other details are well advanced. A large force of clerks, probably between forty and sixty, will soon be on the ground to take charge of the nine booths at which prospective settlers are required to sign the prescribed conditions. Blank books and forms are now being printed for use in the local land offices and everything is expected to be in complete readiness for the opening day.

Secretary Smith within the last few weeks has received a large number of applications for permission to enter the outlet a few days prior to the day set for the opening for the purpose of opening stores of various kinds, representing that such stores would be a necessity. To all of these requests Secretary Smith has replied in the negative and now gives notice that settlers will find it greatly to their advantage to take several days stock of provisions with them on entering the outlet.

The Official Count of the Cash in the Treasury Completed

WASHINGTON, Aug 30—The official count of the treasury cash beginning May 31 last necessitated by the transfer of the office of treasurer of the United States from E H Nebeker to D N Morgan has been completed. The committee having this work in hand consisting of F B Diskam, A T Huntington and Charles H Noble, were assisted by sixty expert counters and laborers and have worked constantly since they began.

Treasurer Jordan Monday signed a receipt in favor E H Nebeker for $740,817,419.782 made up as follows: Cash $174,770,423.97, treasurer's trans fer account $31,550,588.02, reserves $314,808,106, unissued certificates $30,000, bonds held in trust $218,278,001.80¾.

Mr Nebeker received the receipt in person and by that act his bond for $500,000 was released and the bond of Mr Morgan as treasurer which was filed and approved some time ago became responsible for the vast stock of money in the treasury.

In counting and weighing this vast sum of money not one cent was found missing. Several bags of silver were found broken, the bagging having rotted and these proved several dollars short, but subsequently the silver dollars were recovered from the floor where they had fallen.

The total weight of the coin counted was about 5,000 tons. No ceremonies were observed in making the transfer from Mr Nebeker to Mr Morgan beyond the passing of the receipt.

In [illegible] Benjamin P Shillaber whose [illegible] sayings of Mrs Partington were [illegible] for some years ago was found [illegible] filler in a friendly corner [illegible] used to say that such twists [illegible] language came easier from the pen.

GARVER family reunion at Riverside Park Aug 31.

GROVER'S HEALTH.

Is the Chief Magistrate Suffering from Cancer

AND THE EFFECTS OF AN OPPERATION

For the Removal of the Same?—Col Lamont Apprehensive Concerning the Great Man's Condition—Neither Confirmed or Denied

CHICAGO, Aug 30—A special to the Evening Post from Philadelphia says: The Press this morning publishes a four column article confirming the Evening Post's dispatch from Boston about a month ago which stated that President Cleveland underwent an operation on the yacht Oneida for the removal of a cancer. The operation required the cutting away of a considerable portion of the upper jawbone and so far there has been no serious effect. The Press says that Mr Cleveland is yet a very sick man, and that his physician fears that the mortal disease is still lurking in his system notwithstanding the heroic efforts of surgery to remove it in July.

Secretary Lamont, who was in New York a few days ago was very apprehensive concerning the president's condition. He said in answer to a question from Col Monroe: "The president is a sick man, how sick we can not tell."

The operation which was performed by Doctors Bryant, Hasbrouck and another physician required but a few minutes and the physicians think they have removed all of the diseased tissue and bone. Dr Hasbrouck remained on the yacht two days to be ready in case another operation should be found necessary. The wound seemed to heal easily and the physicians are now confident that the disease may not be as malignant as was feared.

Mr Cleveland recovered from the shock even better than the physicians had dared to hope. He was kept in bed for four days during which time it was announced that he was suffering from rheumatism.

When it became necessary for him to go to Washington his physicians warned him to remain away from work as much as possible. Dr Bryant accompanied him to Washington and after being there four days issued a peremptory command for the president to return immediately to Buzzard's Bay. The president did not wish to go, saying that his services were needed at Washington during the financial crisis but he obeyed the doctor's orders and the advice of his friends and returned to Buzzard's Bay.

There is much encouragement at present in the fact that the president's condition is greatly improved and that there will be no recurrence of the malady which rendered the first operation necessary. Dr Bryant remains with the president and is hopeful for his ultimate and full recovery.

His Private Secretary Knows Nothing of Mr Cleveland's Illness

WASHINGTON, Aug 30—When Private Secretary Thurber was asked yesterday morning concerning the report that Mr Cleveland was a very sick man following an operation performed on his face he stated that so far as he knew there was absolutely no truth in the report. He added: "I have nothing to add to the statement I gave the United Press a few days ago concerning the condition of the president. This information you bring me is the first I have heard concerning any cancerous formation on the president's face and in fact on any part of his body. That statement made to the United Press is so far as I know absolutely true. I hear from Mr Cleveland nearly every day and in all of his letters he speaks of his improving health and strength. I received a letter from him Sunday in which he said he was thoroughly rested. Bills and other matters that require his signature are received by me almost daily and the president's name is signed in a hand that shows health and vigor."

Neither Confirmed or Denied

CHICAGO, Aug 30—A Washington dispatch to the Evening Post says: Neither authentic confirmation nor denial of the story that the president has had an operation performed for cancer can be obtained here. The most that can be said is that the story is more generally doubted than believed. Cabinet officials profess ignorance but refuse to be quoted one way or the other.

Letter List

Following is a list of letters remaining uncalled for at the Decatur Ill post office August 29 1893:

GENTS' LIST

Angel V [illegible]	Judy Lee
Algersen Jas	Jackson Albert
Brown H A	Kelley C M
Boyle C J	Kerry Albert
Bradley Chas	[illegible]
Bennett Roy	[illegible]
Cook F J	Penn J C
Cat Will	Seeling J [illegible]
Fisher A [illegible]	Swarts Martin
Finn Frank	Seyfold Robt
Foster Henry W	Williams Jesse

LADIES' LIST

Dawson Lela	Rogers Mrs Mary
Dayton Miss Rachel	Strohle Mrs Marine E
Hearnes Mrs Maggie	Thornton Miss Ella
Hathaway Mrs Bernie	Turner C W
Roberts Miss Venia	Wilson Mrs Frank
Ray Miss Adelia	Wilson Miss Emma

J T HUBBARD Postmaster

Highest of all in Leavening Power—Latest U S Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE



A SLUGGISH LIVER

CAUSES

Constipation, Sick Headache,

Dyspepsia Nervousness,

AND DISTURBS THE SYSTEM GENERALLY.

For all such ailments and to impart a natural healthy tone to the Stomach Liver and Bowels take

AYER'S PILLS

Every Dose Effective

FARMERS' COLUMN.

FURNITURE AT COST—Buy your furniture now at cost. The L G Kurtz stock of furniture to close out the business is now offered at cost. Come early and make your selections. Remember the place—north side New Square, Hayworth Block. JOHN A BROWN. aug29-d&w2w

MACHINIST—The Decatur Machine Works at 127 and 129 South Franklin street is now prepared to do all kinds and classes of machine work at reasonable prices. My machinery is all new. Give me a trial, please. JOHN SEEBACH. m21 dtf

WANTED—You to know that the Decatur Nursery can furnish anything that soil and care will produce in the nature of shrubs, trees (including California poplar), bulbs and flowers as good as can be had anywhere. Come and see and you will buy at home. W H FINCHER. July7tf

MONEY to loan in large and small amounts. Loans made on live stock, farm implements, or household goods. All classes of loans negotiated on short notice. Loans on farms and city business property at 6 per cent interest. Apply to A T SUMMERS, No 145 North Water street, over Abel's carpet house Decatur Ill. julyll d&wtf

PUBLIC SALE

—OF—

Imported French Coach and Percheron Horses.

The Macon Breeders Association will on Thursday, Sept 7, 1893 on the fair grounds at Macon, Ill, sell their entire stock of imported French Coach and Percheron Horses. Among them will be Geroncio (French Coach) Mont Luc 1858 (5536) Mithal 11,410 (15,713), Black Spanish Jack, Leon (imported).

These animals are excelled by none other in individual merit, pedigree or for breeding purposes. Pedigrees furnished on application. Sale to commence at 2 o'clock p. m.

TERMS—Half in 22 months and half in 30 months. Purchaser to execute note with approved security, note to bear interest from date if not paid at maturity.

Macon Breeders' Association

HON D P KELLER Auctioneer. a17 w3w

THE MACON FAIR!

SEPT. 5, 6, 7 AND 8.

Among the Special Attractions will be a

BICYCLE * RACE!

Competition Open to the World!

A $40 PURSE

Or Provisions

Divided into Three Prizes:

1st, $20, 2d, $15, 3d, $5.

Entrance Fee 10 Per Cent of Purse.

Miss LILLY WILLIAMS

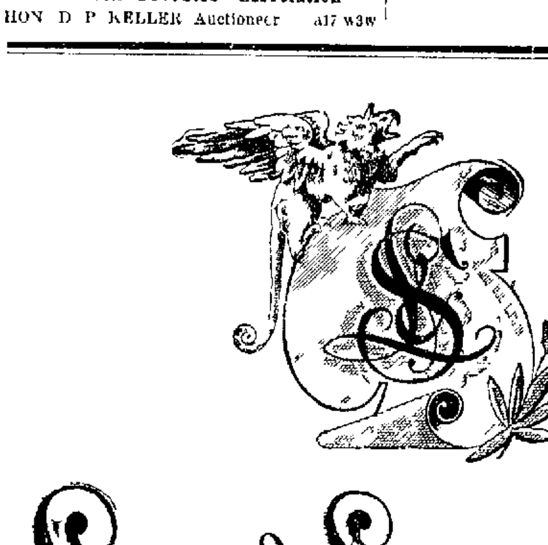
Of Bloomington,

Champion Lady Bicycle Rider of the world, will exhibit at the Fair Grounds every day, riding the Bicycle against a Horse.

Do not miss these Thrilling and Wonderful Feats.

W. H. WILLOUGHBY,

Secretary.



Linn & Scruggs

DRY GOODS & CARPET Co

Importers & Retailers. Decatur, Ill.

GRAND CLEARING SALE

—OF—

LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS.

We have placed on sale all our Colored Shirt Waists at 49c, formerly sold at 75c to $1.50.

BE SURE AND LOOK AT OUR LINE OF

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The largest assortment ever shown in this city. Prices ranging from $2.99 to $25 a pair.

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